

Black Holes, Information, and String Theory

29 October 2018

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Carlsberg Distinguished Postdoctoral Researcher at the NBIA

Structure of talk: 20th and 21st century physics

1. Gravity and Black Holes(BHs)

- Newton
- Einstein & Democracy
- Schwarzschild & Black Holes
- Hawking

2. Quantum mechanics & Info

- Bohr & Heisenberg
- Dirac & Feynman
- Vacuum fluctuations
- Hawking & Radiation

3. Thermodynamics & Hawking

- Boltzmann & Entropy
- Entropy & Temperature
- Thermo & Quantum for BHs
- (Quantum = Thermodynamics)

4. String Theory & Firewalls?

- Maldacena & Holography
- Quantum Gravity & Strings
- Success: Strings & Black Holes
- Firewalls & (exciting) future!

Structure of talk: 20th and 21st century physics

Sociological disclaimer(s):

There are Heroes here, but...
physics is not just by heroes.

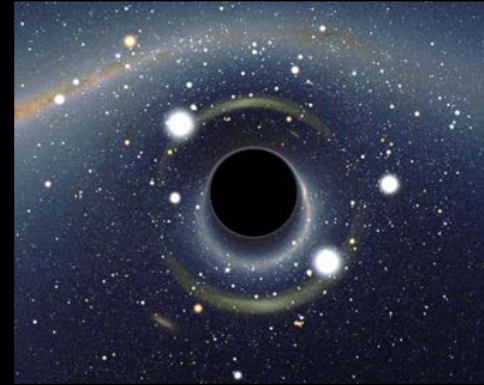
Normal people can do physics
(for my sake, thank goodness)

Further, the "heroes" who I do
list are but a subset of those
who've done important work.

EG: Hawking's co-authors!

Part I: Black Holes, Relativity & Quantum Mechanics

- Lay groundwork for the talk
- Introduce Black Holes
- Introduce Einstein's Relativity
- Introduce Quantum Mechanics



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Newton's Gravity



Any particle of matter in the universe attracts any other with a force varying directly as the product of the masses and inversely as the square of the distance between them

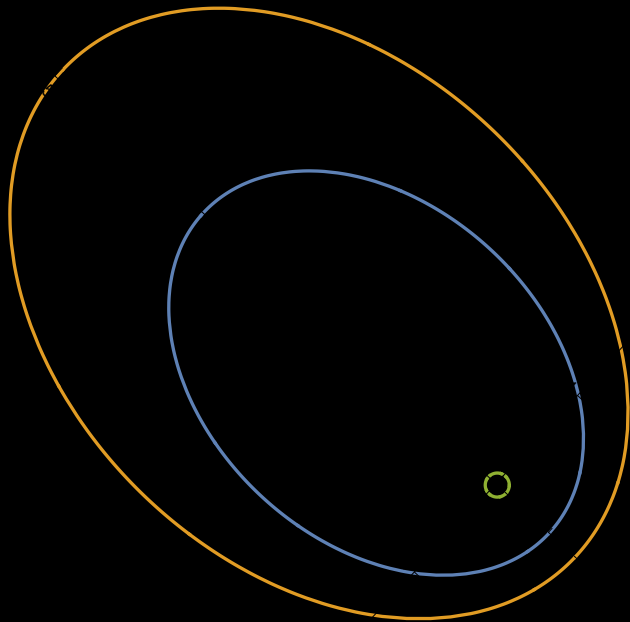
Newton's Gravity



Any particle of matter in the universe attracts any other with a force varying directly as the product of the masses and inversely as the square of the distance between them

$$F(r) = G_N \frac{m M}{r^2}$$

Newton's Gravity



- Orbits: closed and elliptic
- Stable solar systems
- Action at distance \neq Relativity
- Position and speed well-defined \neq Quantum Mech

Galileo's Insight (led to Newtonian Physics)



- Bigger masses, bigger forces
- In exact proportion
- Different masses, same acceleration!
- Speed changes *universally*

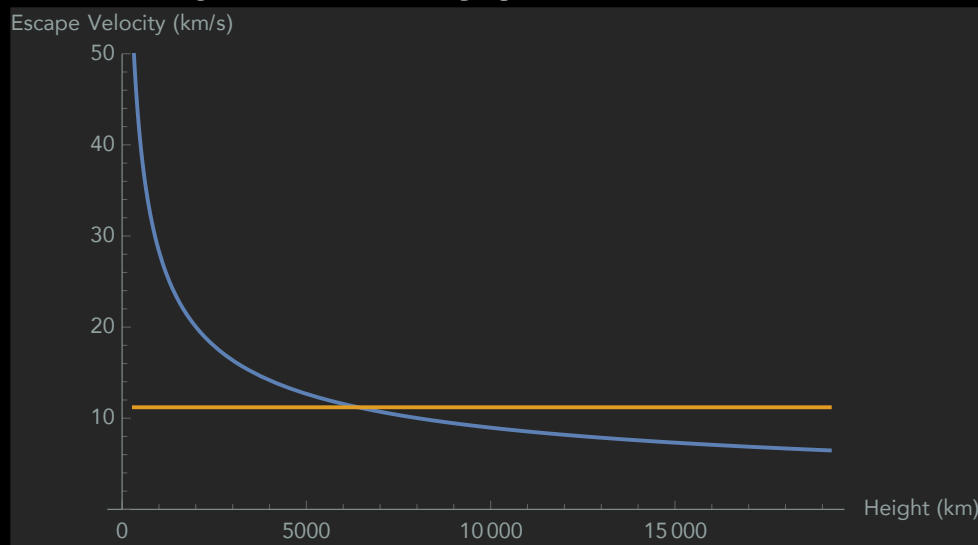
"Black Holes" in Newtonian Gravity



- Recall: light-speed is finite
- Recall: "escape velocity"
- Escape velocity $>$ light-speed, then *effectively* a Black Hole
- Simply a picture; will change

"Black Holes" in Newtonian Gravity

Escape velocity for Earth:

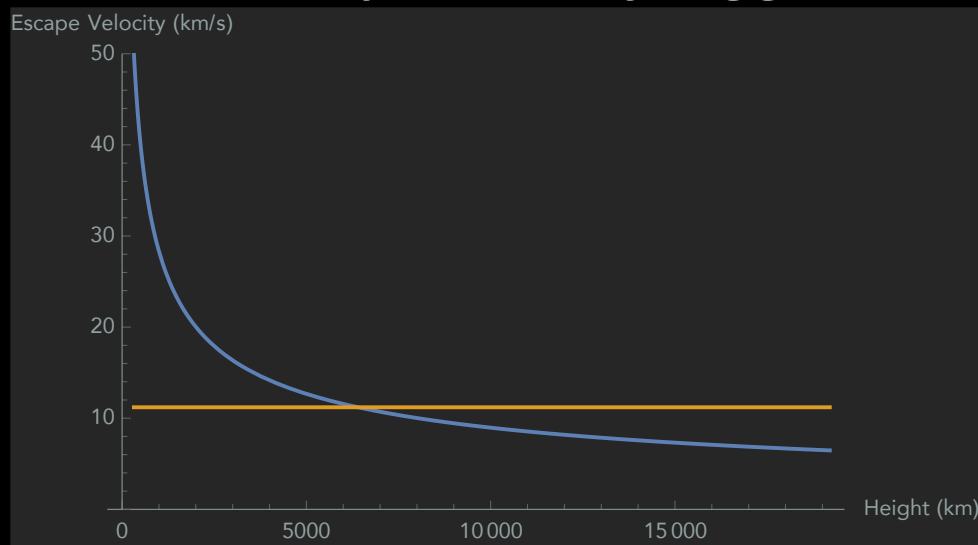


Radius ~ 6400 km; $v \sim 11$ km/s

- Recall: light-speed is finite
- Recall: "escape velocity"
- Escape velocity $>$ light-speed, then *effectively* a Black Hole
- Simply a picture; will change

"Black Holes" in Newtonian Gravity

Note: escape velocity bigger

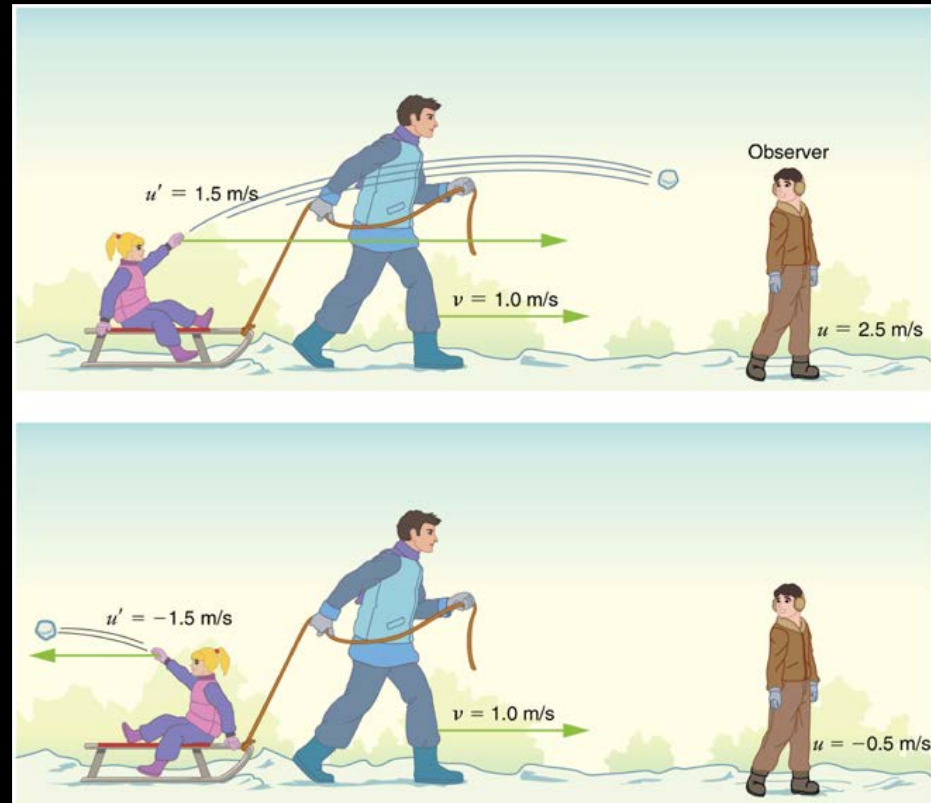


for more compact "Earths"!

- Recall: light-speed is finite
- Recall: "escape velocity"
- Escape velocity $>$ light-speed, then *effectively* a Black Hole
- Simply a picture; will change

Einstein: democracy between space & time

- Newton: Light-speed, "c", is not special
- Einstein: Light-speed, "c", IS special
- Rocket-flashlights
 - = normal-flashlights
 - Can't speed or slow light!



Einstein: democracy between space & time

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Einstein: democracy between space & time

- Newton: Light-speed, "c", is not special

$$v_1 \oplus v_2 |_{\text{Newton}} := v_1 + v_2$$

- Einstein: Light-speed, "c", **IS** special

$$v_1 \oplus v_2 |_{\text{Einstein}} := \frac{v_1 + v_2}{1 + (v_1 v_2 / c^2)}$$

- Rocket-flashlights

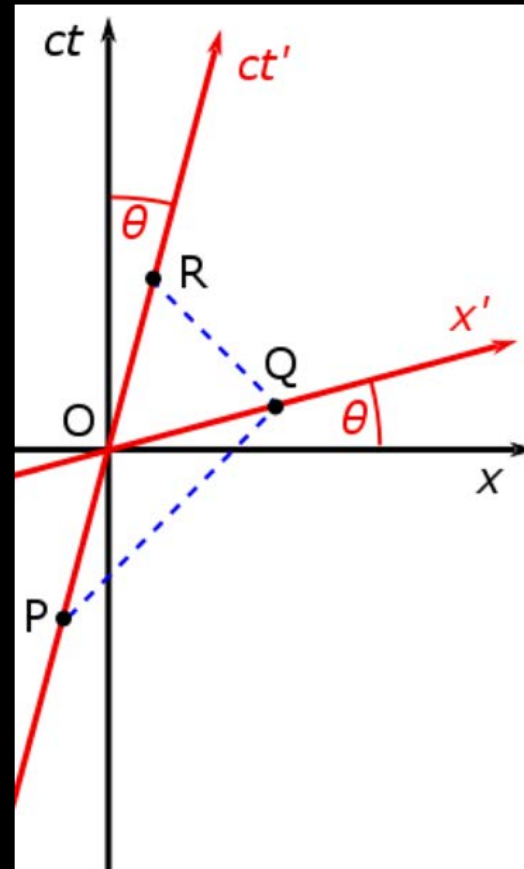
→ = normal-flashlights

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$$v \oplus c |_{\text{Einstein}} = c$$

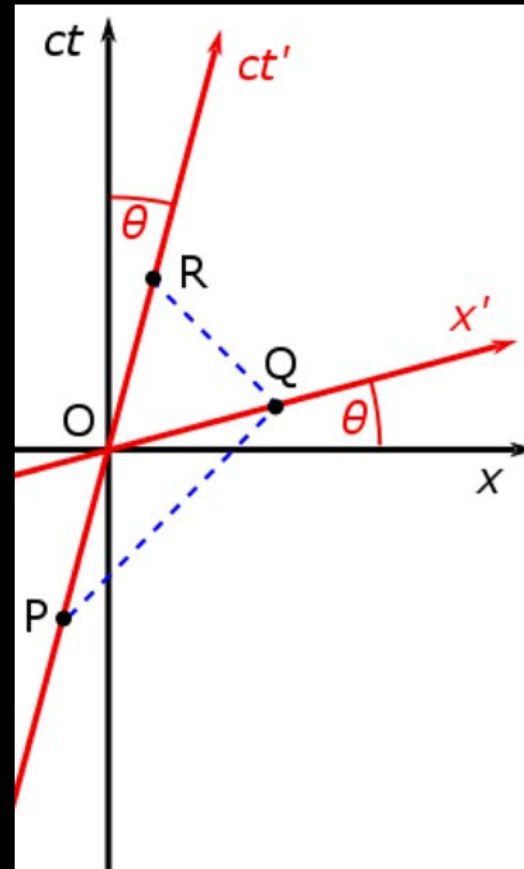
Einstein: democracy between space & time

- Space and time interwoven
- Relative motion: durations, lengths appear different



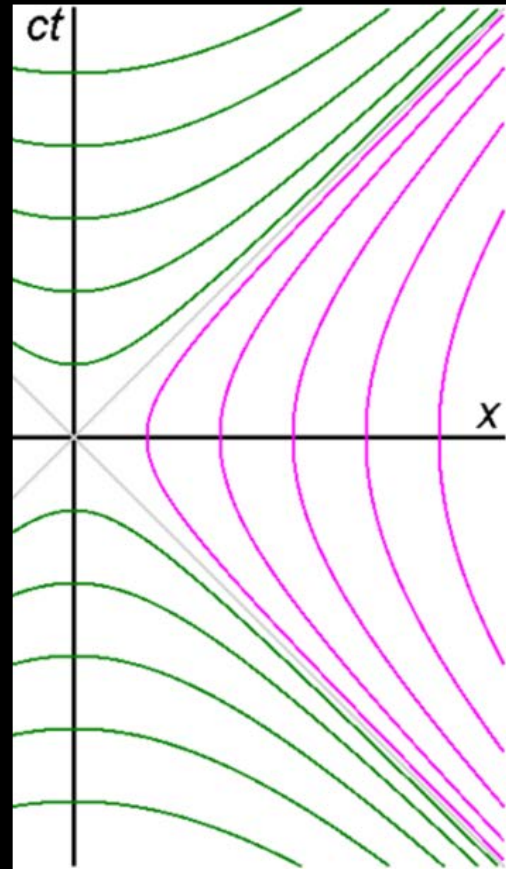
Einstein: democracy between space & time

- Gravity accelerates things
- Velocities change with time
- Space and time are *warped*, stretched by gravity
- Einstein's equations say how



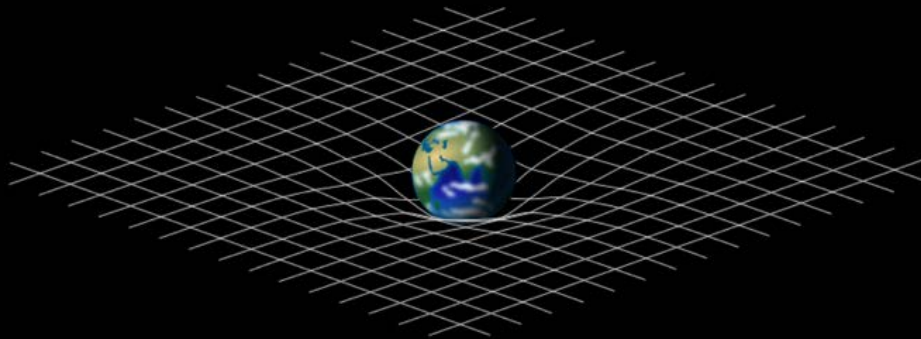
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Black Holes in Einstein Gravity: Schwarzschild

$$R_{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{2}Rg_{\mu\nu} + \Lambda g_{\mu\nu} = 8\pi G_N T_{\mu\nu}$$

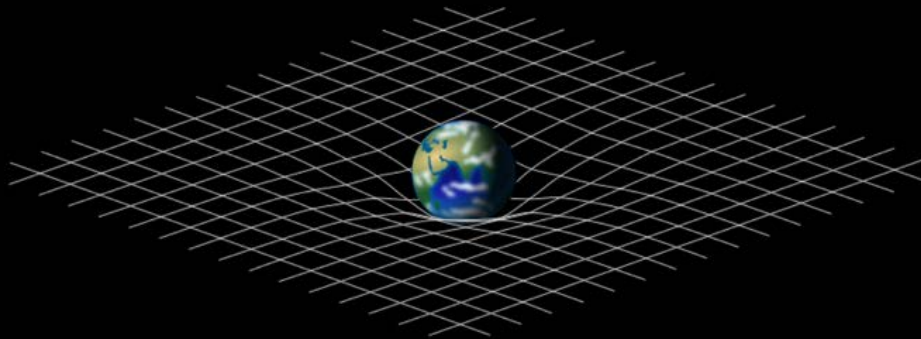


SCHWARZSCHILD'S SOLUTION

- Schwarzschild: "gravity" for a star in General Relativity (GR)
- Far away, it gives the result in Newton's gravity. Good!
- Close in, it has **new features!**
 - First, simplest solution to GR
 - New stuff! Still mysterious!!

Black Holes in Einstein Gravity: Schwarzschild

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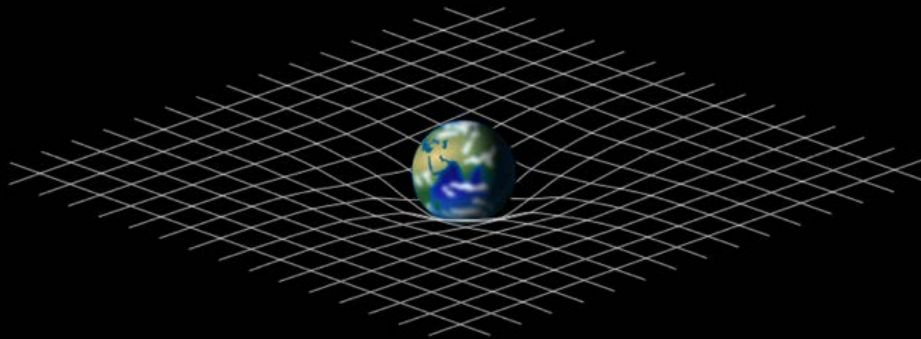


SCHWARZSCHILD'S SOLUTION

- Einstein's Equations = "GR"
 - Winter 1915-1916
- Schwarzschild: first solution!
 - WWI German Artilleryman
 - Found time to study GR
 - Famous solution ALSO 1916!

Black Holes in Einstein Gravity: Schwarzschild

$$R_{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{2}Rg_{\mu\nu} + \Lambda g_{\mu\nu} = 8\pi G_N T_{\mu\nu}$$



SCHWARZSCHILD'S SOLUTION

- Light moving away from star:
 - Does not "slow down"
 - But does lose *energy*
- Compact → "Black Holes"
 - Photon energy > 0
 - Bounds radius
 - Below it, light trapped!

Black Holes in Einstein Gravity: Schwarzschild

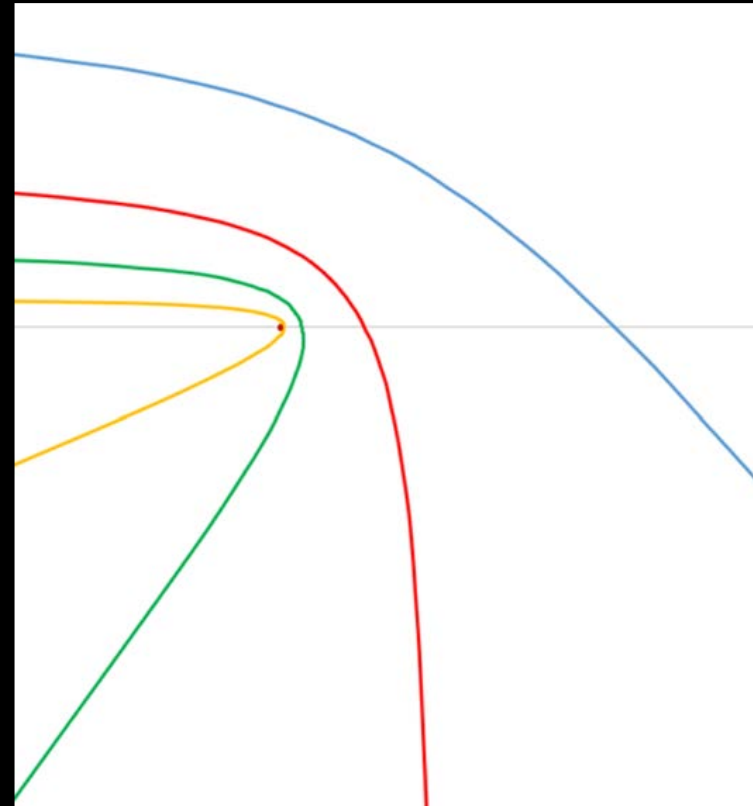
$$R_{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{2}Rg_{\mu\nu} + \Lambda g_{\mu\nu} = 8\pi G_N T_{\mu\nu}$$

$$r_{\text{Sch}} = 2G_N M / c^2$$

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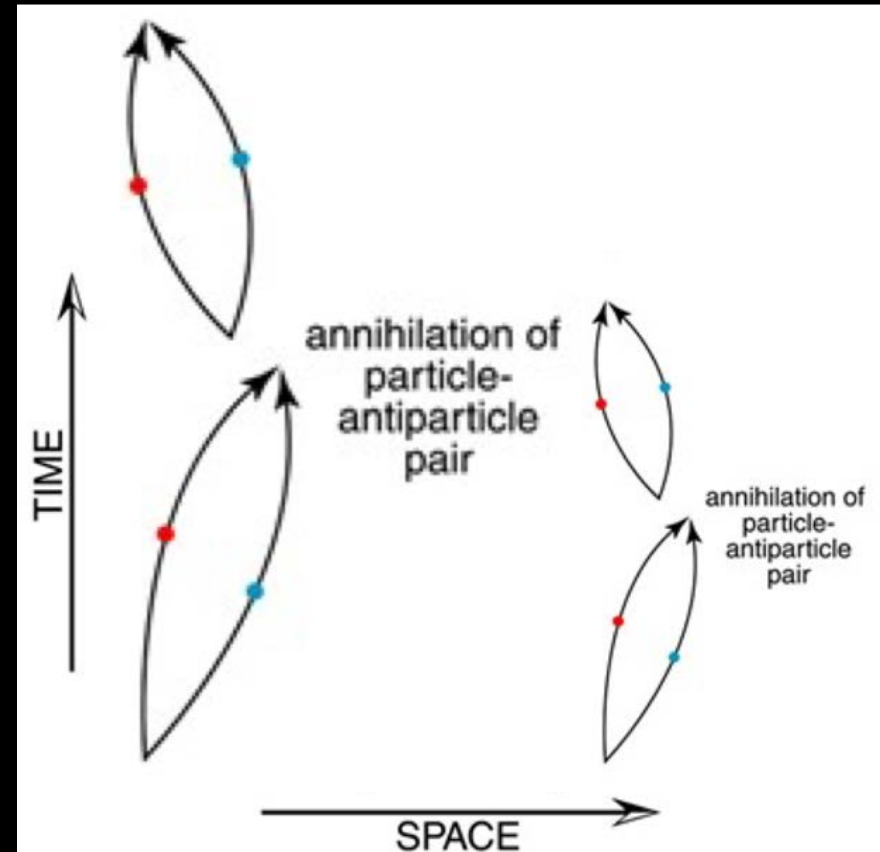
Black Holes in Einstein Gravity: "No Hair"!

- Compact star = **Black**
- Very few features = "No Hair"
 - Mass (of course)
 - Spin = conserved
 - Charge = conserved
- That's it! BH = "Featureless"!



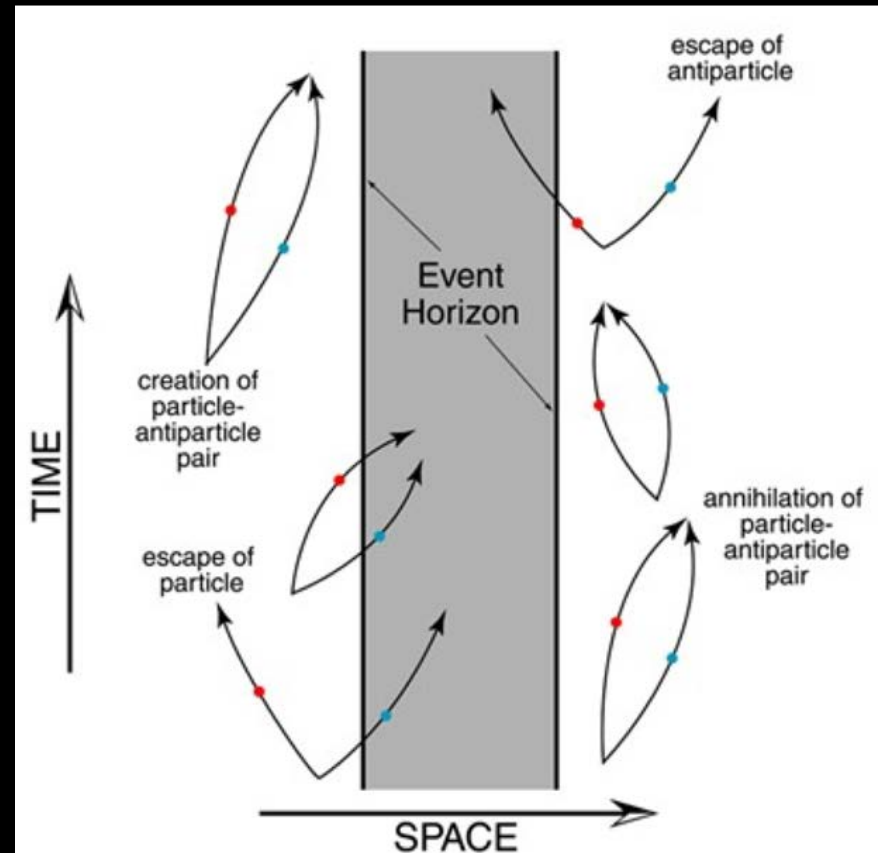
Black Holes in Einstein Gravity: Hawking

- **Thermal** radiation from Black Holes!
- Simple picture:
- Fluctuations are inherently quantum (next part of talk)!



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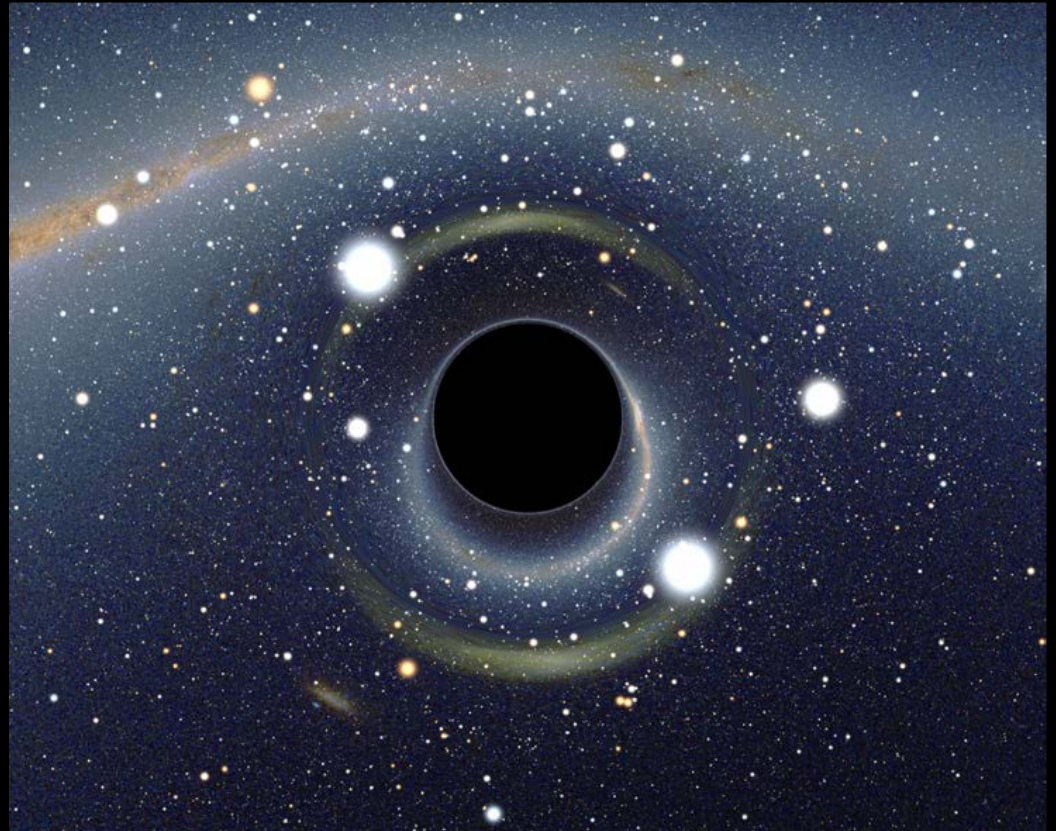
Black Holes in Einstein Gravity: Hawking

- **Black Holes Evaporate!**
- Conserved quantities
 - Mass
 - Charge
 - Angular momentum
- Radiation removes mass (and charge etc.): evaporation.



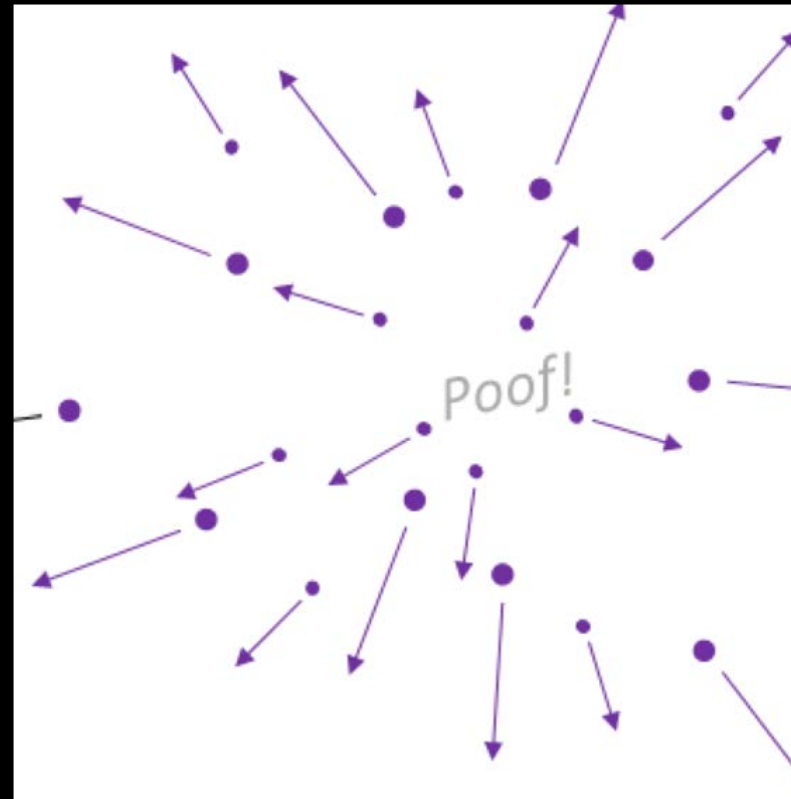
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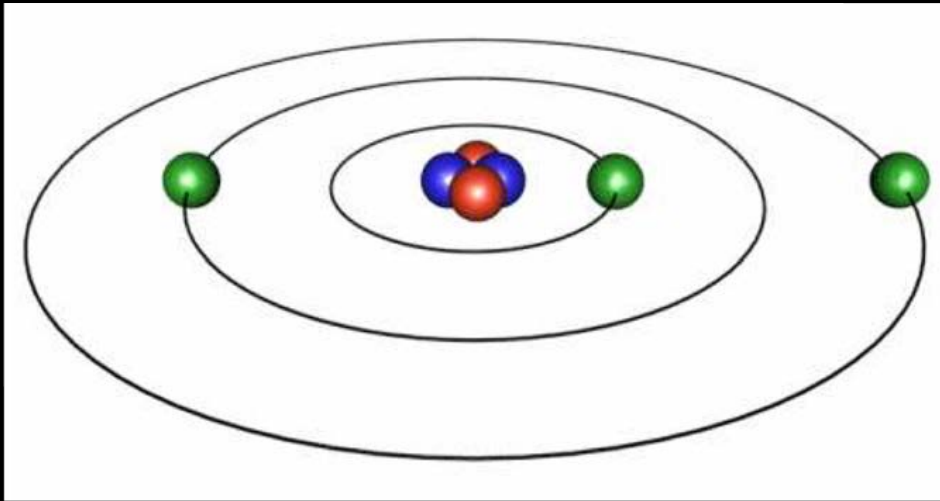


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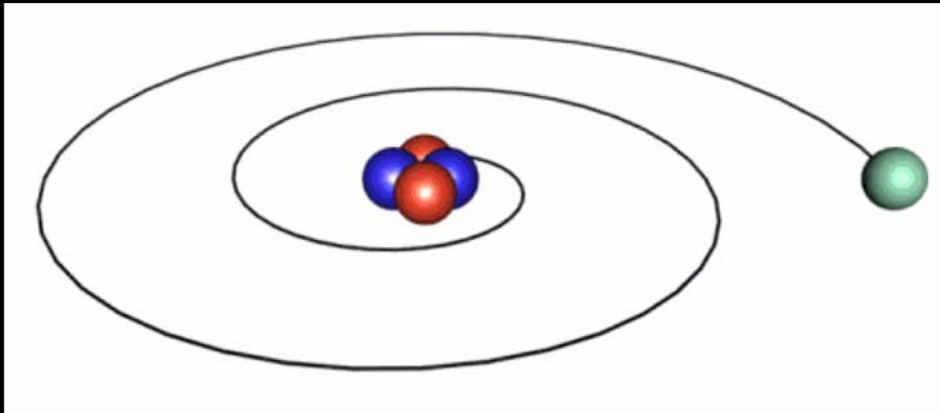


Electrons, Protons & Atoms: Maxwell



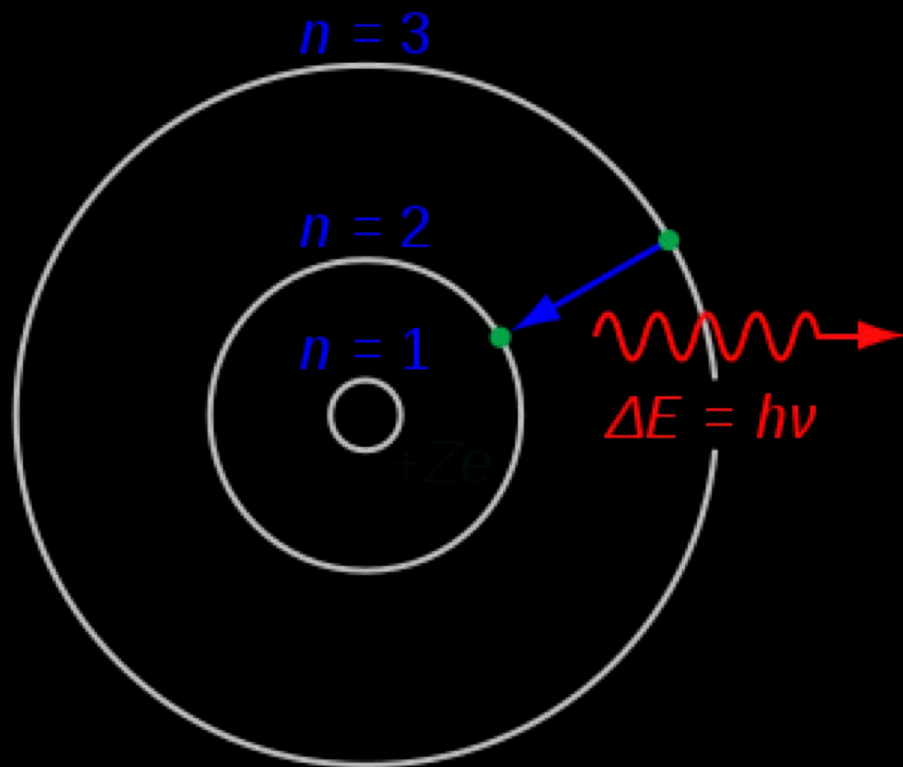
- Circular motion
 - Continuous
 - Swinging bricks = heavy
 - Heavy = force = acceleration
- Accelerating charges radiate
 - Old style TVs (sort of)
 - X-rays
- Classical picture of atoms = constant radiation, unstable

Electrons, Protons & Atoms: Maxwell



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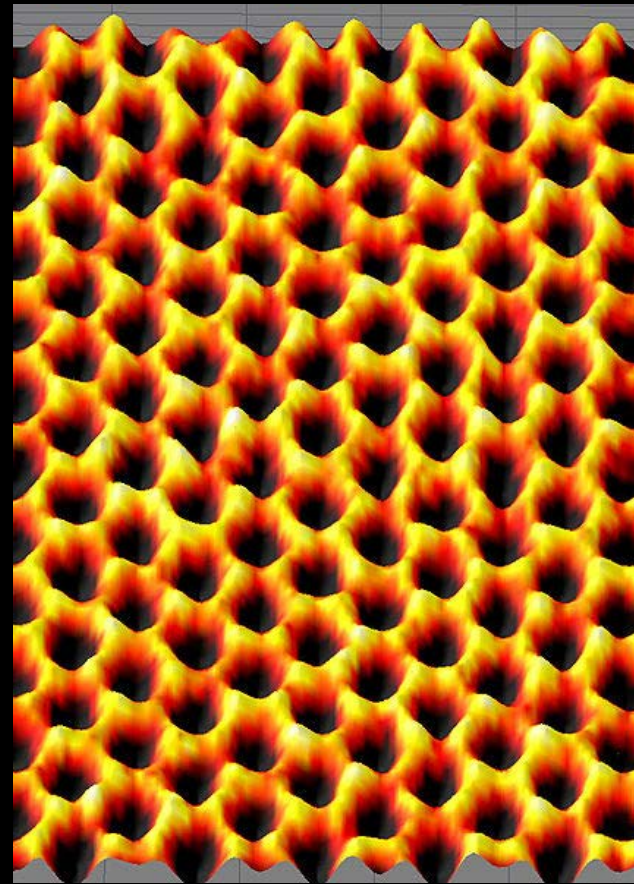
Electrons, Protons & Atoms: Bohr



- Maxwell Atom: continuous
- Bohr Atom: *quantized*
- Orbits quantized, thus stable!
- Rough question: Why? Fixed in Quantum Mechanics.

Space and Time in Quantum Mechanics

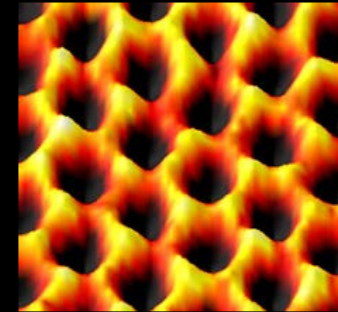
- Quantum Mechanics = "QM"
- Positions are probabilistic
- Probabilities evolve in time



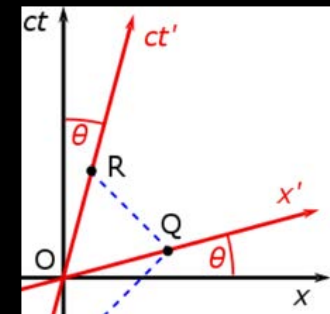
Space & Time: Quantum Mech vs Relativity

- "Where will it be?"
 - Probabilistic
 - Given by Schrodinger Eq
- "How old is it?"
 - An input into Schrodinger Eq
 - Time marches on...
 - ...but positions don't
- QM: space-time asymmetry!
- GR: space-time symmetry!

$$\text{QM: } \hat{x} \not\leftrightarrow t$$



$$\text{GR: } x \leftrightarrow t$$



Space & Time: Quantum Mech vs Relativity

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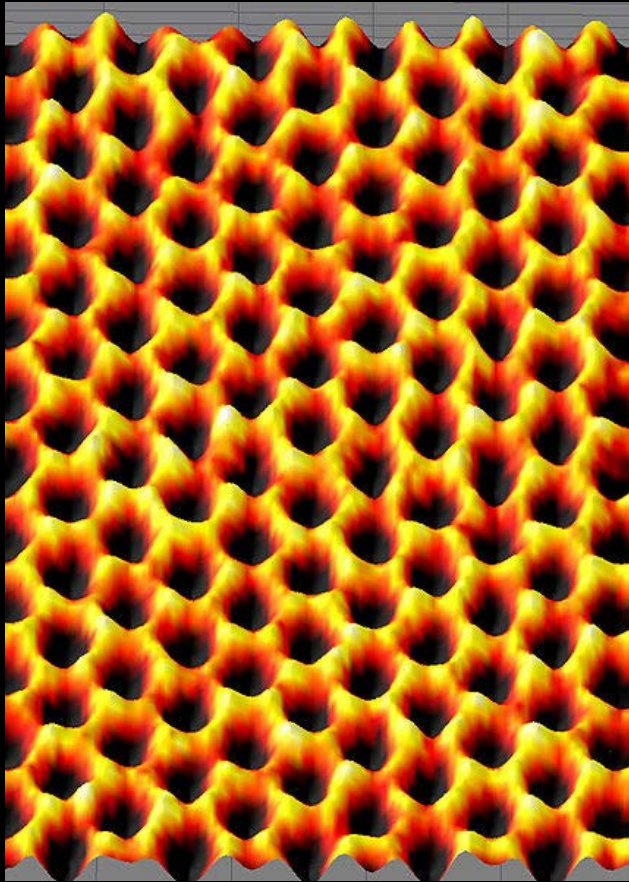
$$\text{QM: } \hat{\mathbf{x}} \not\leftrightarrow t$$

$$i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \psi(\hat{\mathbf{x}}, t) = \left(-\frac{1}{2m} \partial_{\hat{\mathbf{x}}}^2 + V(\hat{\mathbf{x}}) \right) \psi(\hat{\mathbf{x}}, t)$$

$$\text{GR: } x \longleftrightarrow t$$

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Electrons, Protons & Atoms: Heisenberg

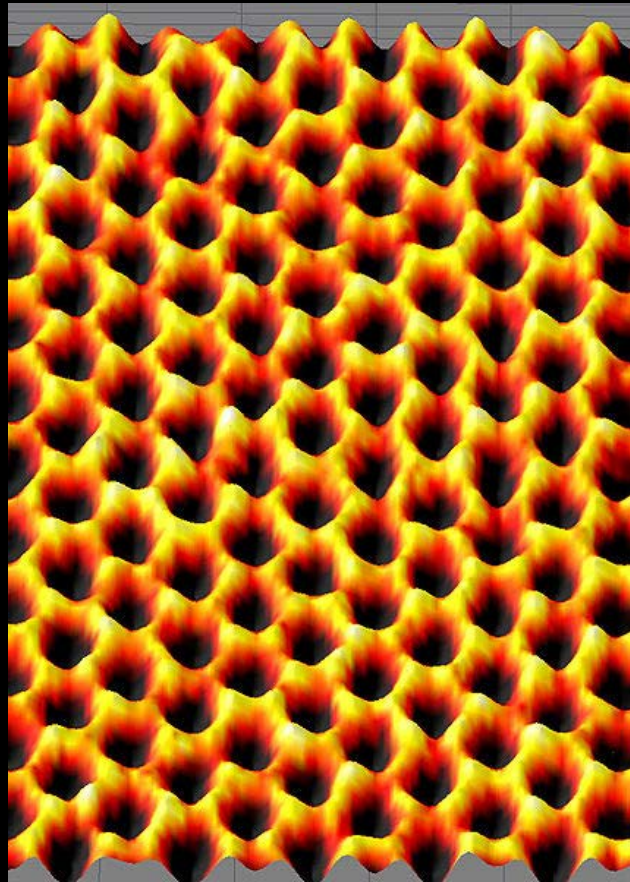


- Uncertainty Principle
- Apply to electrons and atoms
- Position vs. Momentum
- Time vs. Energy

Electrons, Protons & Atoms: Heisenberg

Real AFM image of single-layer graphite:

Note:
Electrons and atoms are **really** "smeared"!

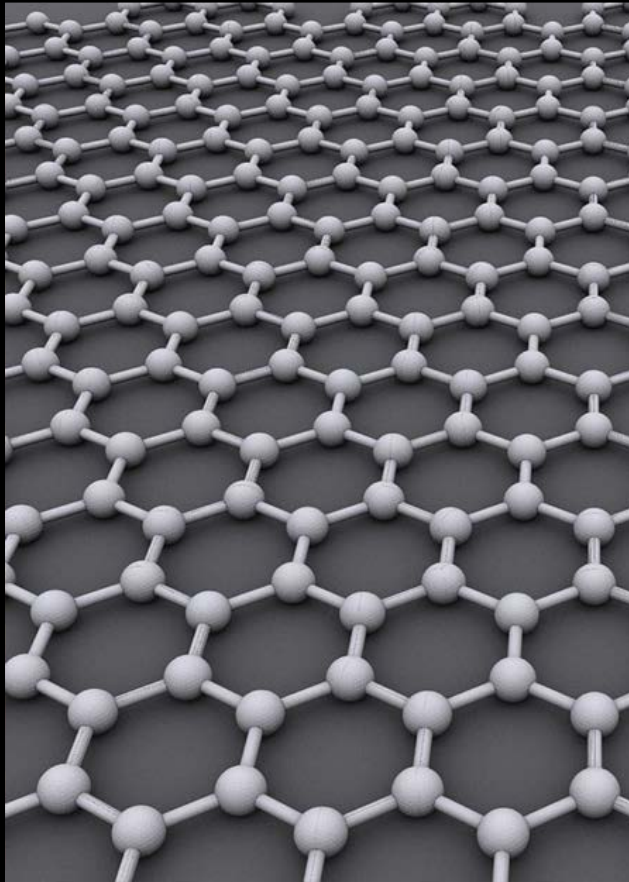


- Uncertainty Principle
- Apply to electrons and atoms
- Position vs. Momentum
- Time vs. Energy

Electrons, Protons & Atoms: Heisenberg

Idealized
picture for
single-layer
graphite:

Note: ***naive***
idealized pic
differs from
real image!



- Uncertainty Principle
- Apply to electrons and atoms
- Position vs. Momentum
- Time vs. Energy

Electrons, Protons & Atoms: Dirac & Feynman

$$E = mc^2$$

- Relativistic Quantum Mech?!
- Uncertainty for "empty"
"vacuum"
- Vacuum fluctuations
- "Empty" space roils and boils
→...must conserve energy!

Electrons, Protons & Atoms: Dirac & Feynman

$$E = mc^2$$

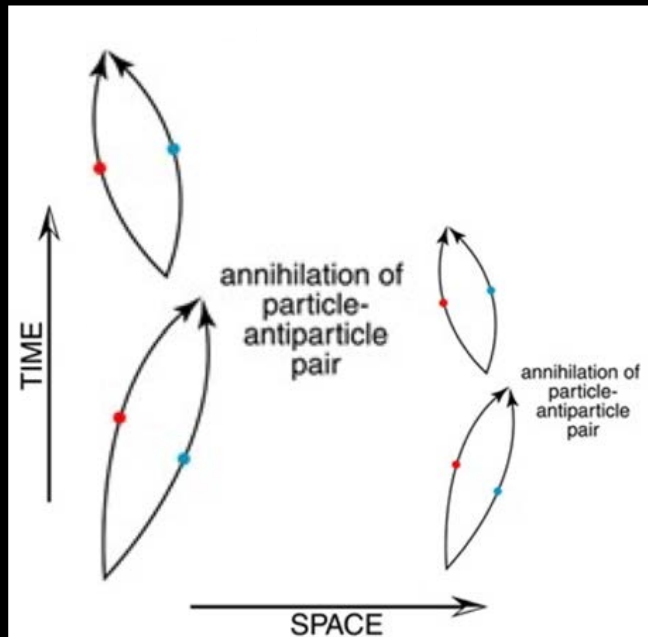
"VACUUM" = "NOTHING"
= "NO PARTICLES"
= "NO ENERGY"

"Empty" depends on distance!

- Relativistic Quantum Mech?!
- Uncertainty for "empty" "vacuum"
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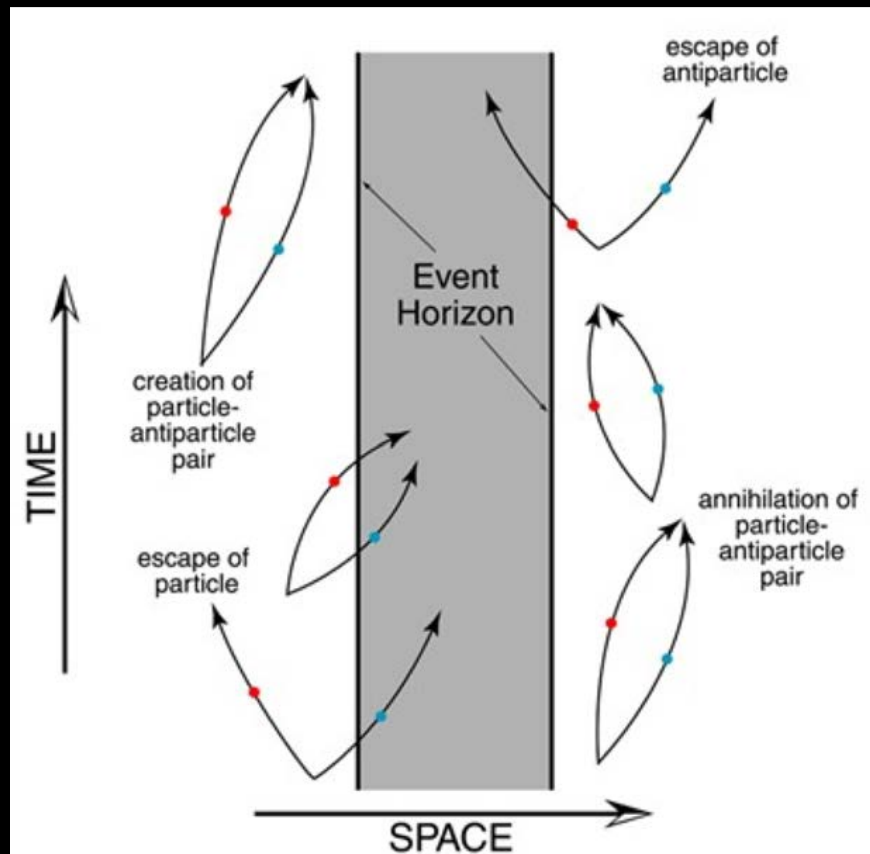
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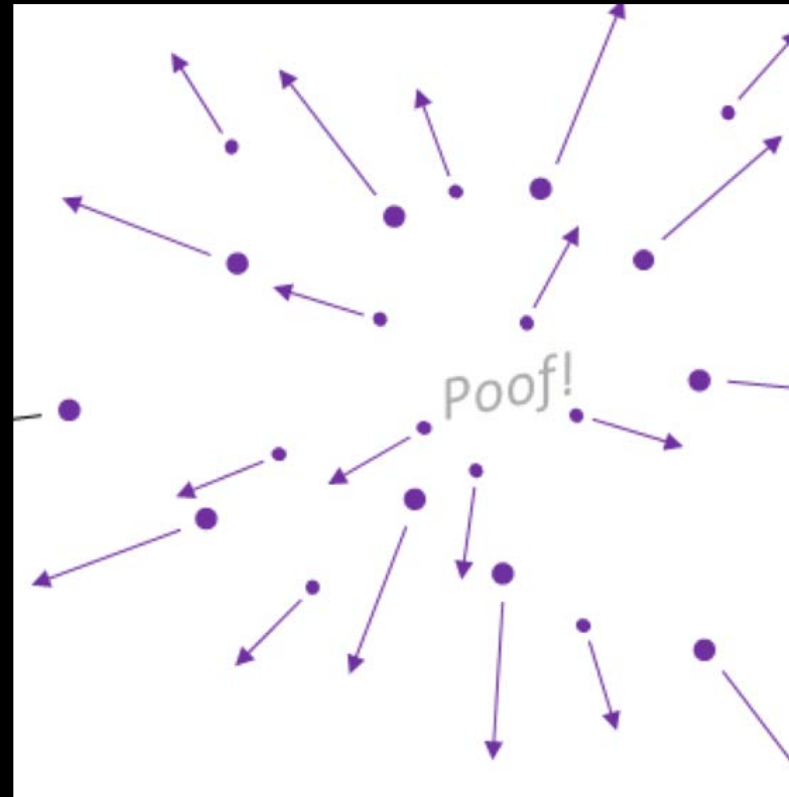
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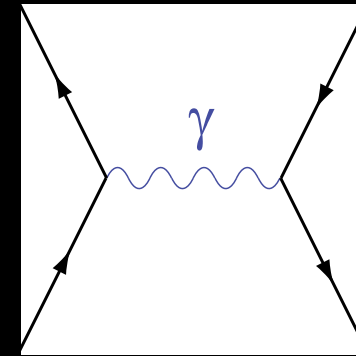
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Hawking Radiation → BH Evaporation

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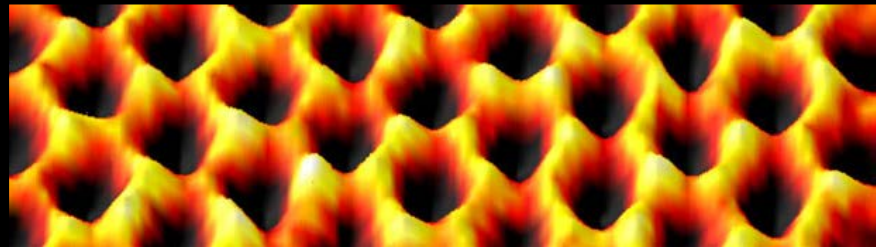


Ageing Atoms in Quantum Mechanics



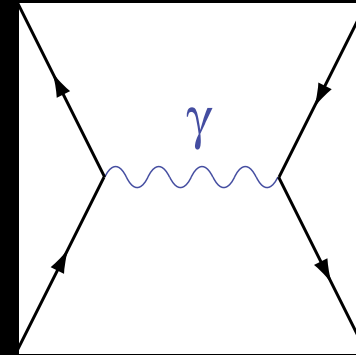
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- Information preserved
- Experimentally verified



Ageing Atoms in Quantum Mechanics

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Ageing Atoms in Quantum Mechanics

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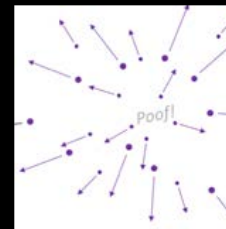
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- Experimentally verified



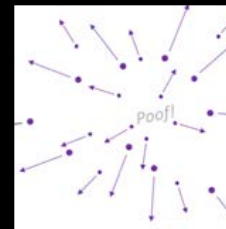
Ageing Black Holes in Quantum Mechanics

- Many quantum systems = a bigger quantum system
- Stars: **huge** quantum systems
- Stars: burn-out and collapse, form Black Holes (BHs)
- BHs evaporate and...vanish?!



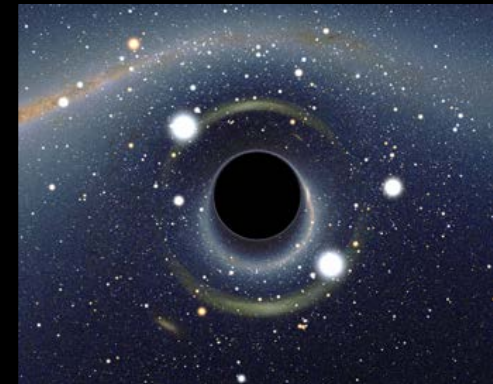
Ageing Black Holes in Quantum Mechanics

- Black holes are "unstable"
- Is information preserved???
- Hard to think about...
- ...without Quantum *Gravity*
(very hard)

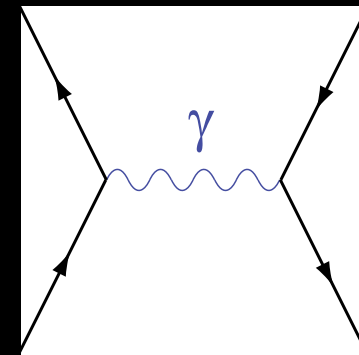


End of Part I: Relativity, Black Holes & Quantum Mechanics

- We have laid the groundwork for the talk
- We have introduced Einstein's Relativity
- We have introduced Black Holes
- We have introduced Quantum Mechanics



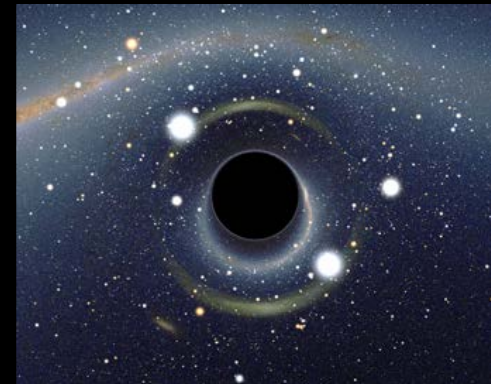
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- Newton
- Einstein & Democracy
- Schwarzschild & Black Holes
- Hawking

2. Quantum mechanics & Info

- Bohr & Heisenberg
- Dirac & Feynman
- Vacuum fluctuations
- Hawking & Radiation

3. Thermodynamics & Hawking

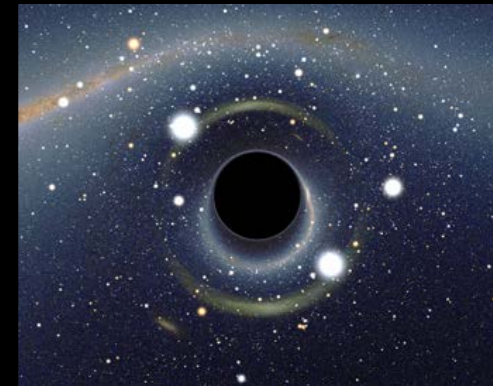
- Boltzmann & Entropy
- Entropy & Temperature
- Thermo & Quantum for BHs
- (Quantum = Thermodynamics)

4. String Theory & Firewalls?

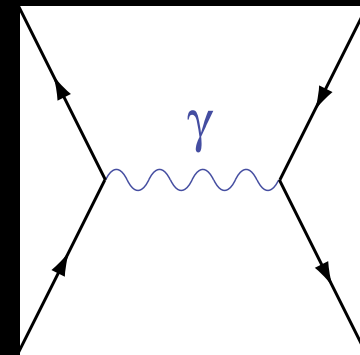
- Maldacena & Holography
- Quantum Gravity & Strings
- Success: Strings & Black Holes
- Firewalls & (exciting) future!

Part II: Black Holes, Quantum Gravity & Firewalls

- Introduce Thermodynamics & Entropy
- Entropy/quantum info & the Horizon
- Holography, String Theory & Maldacena
- Recent controversy & Polchinski's "Firewalls"

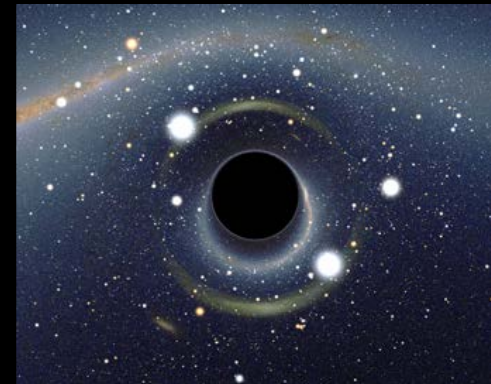


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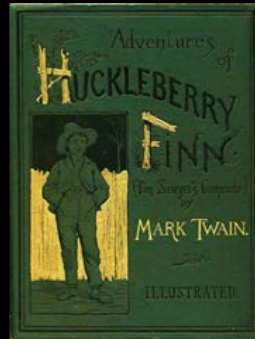
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"To Destroy a Book"/"BH Info Paradox in QM"

- Burning book scrambles info
- "Book" = "complex QM state"
- "Just" time evolution of a complicated QM "state"
- Information is (in principle) preserved



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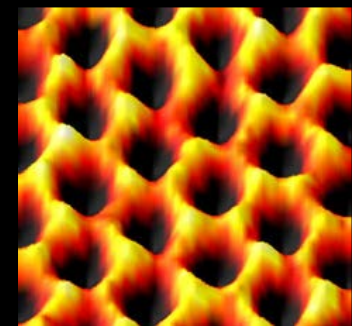
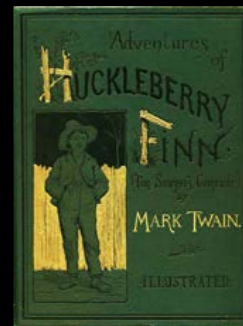
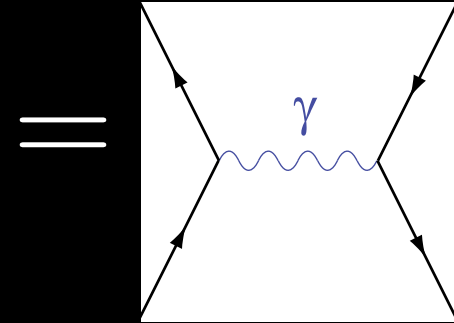


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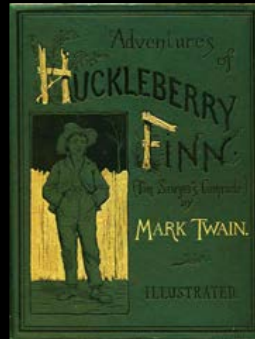
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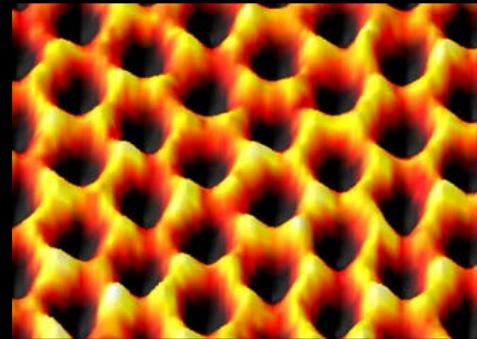


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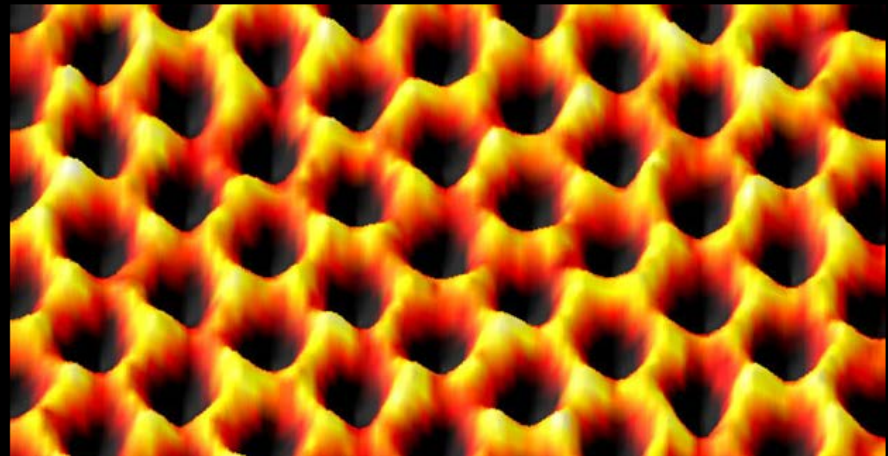
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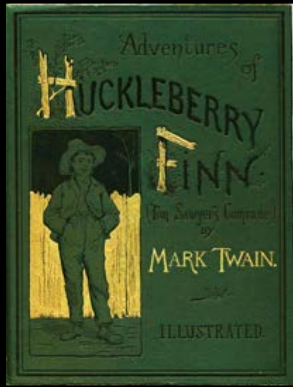
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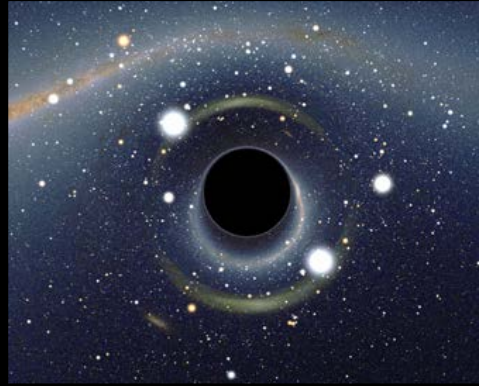
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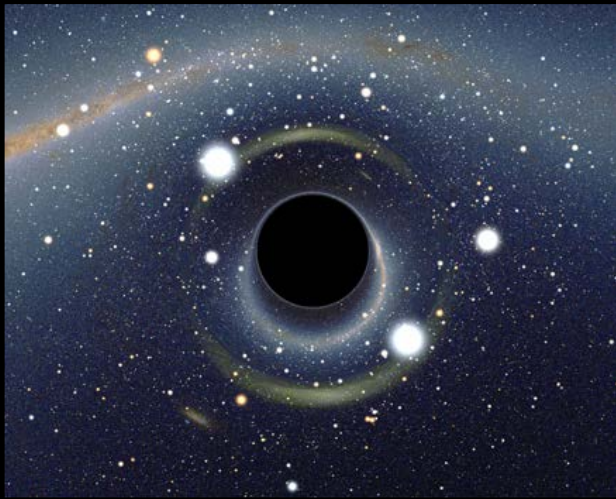
"To Destroy a Book"/"BH Info Paradox in QM"



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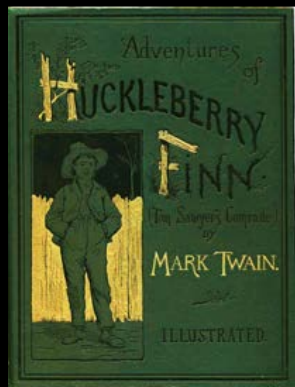
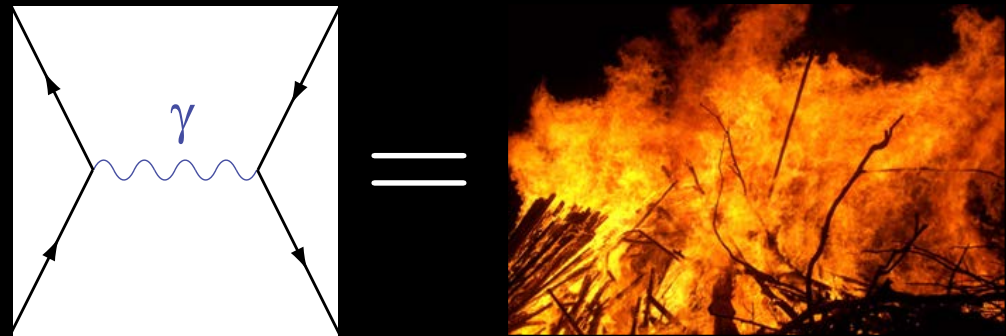
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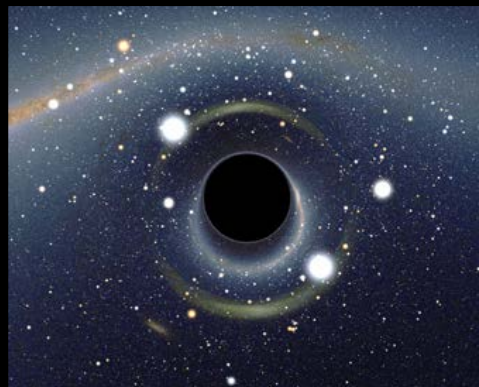
- Black magic for Black Holes
- Also time evolution of a complicated QM "state"
- Can't look "past the curtain"!
- Different for QM w/ BH? Is information still preserved?

"To Destroy a Book" / "BH Info Paradox in QM"

- Time evolution "normal" for a few quantum states
- "Burning" keeps information



+



- BHs "destroy" information!
- Different evolution for TONS of quantum states in BH??

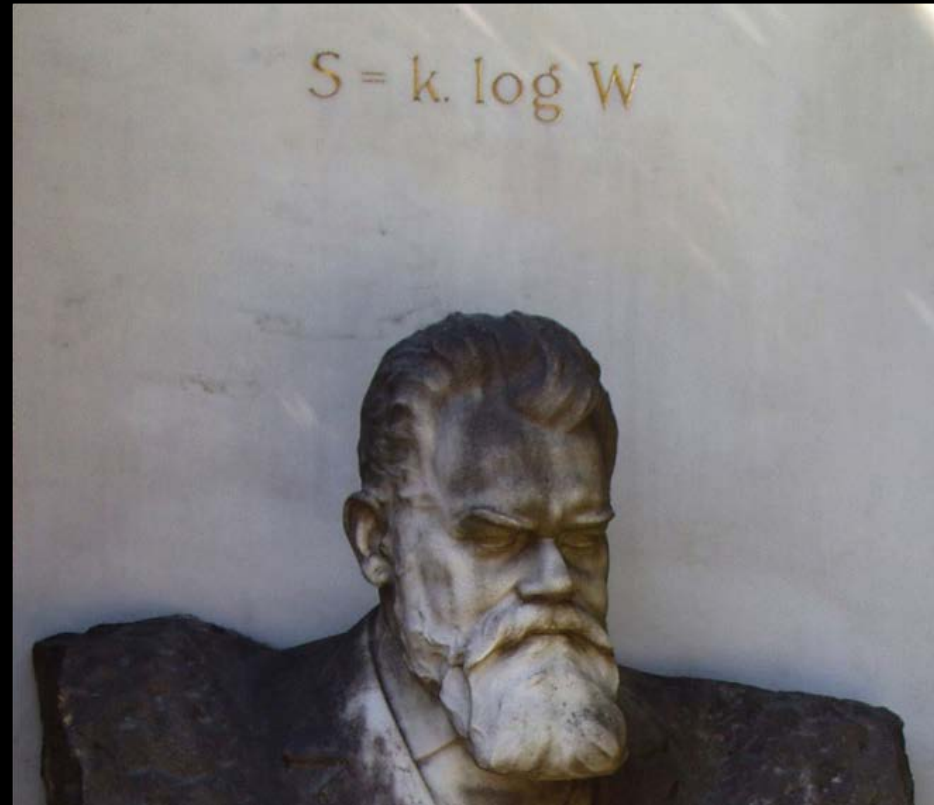
Entropy, Energy & Temperature: Boltzmann

- Thermodynamics
- Entropy (S) = disorder
- Entropy/disorder increases
- Fundamentally: macroscopic measure of micro-states
→ Boltzmann's tombstone:



Entropy, Energy & Temperature: Boltzmann

- Thermodynamics
- Entropy (S) = **COMPLEXITY**
- Precisely: ("k" = a number)
 - W counts states with energy E
 - Boltzmann's tombstone:
- Entropy/complexity increases

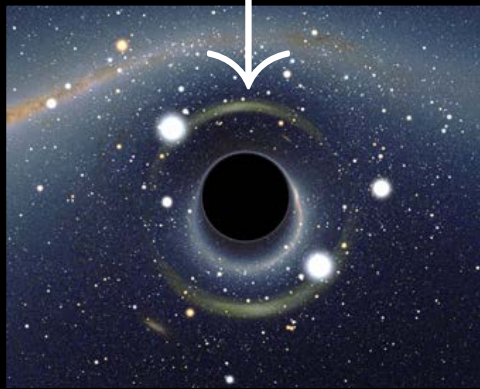
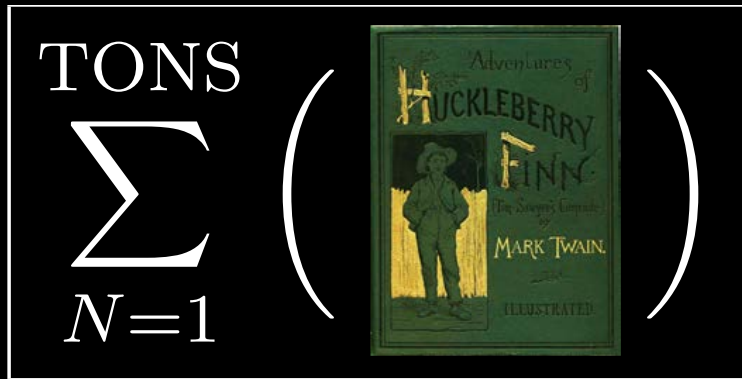


Entropy, Energy & Temperature: Hawking

- Temperature, Energy, and Entropy: deeply related
- Precisely: *Rate of entropy increase with energy gives inverse temperature*
- Thus, temperature > 0 means entropy *grows* with energy

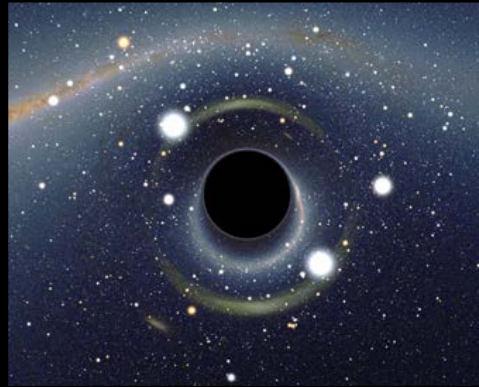
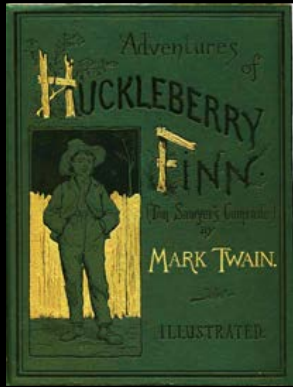
$$\frac{1}{T} = \frac{\partial S}{\partial E}$$

Entropy and Black Hole "Hair"



- Normal matter has entropy
- Entropy cannot decrease
- Pre-collapse material for Black Holes is normal matter
- Pre-collapse material for Black Hole has entropy $> 0!$

Entropy and Black Hole "Hair"



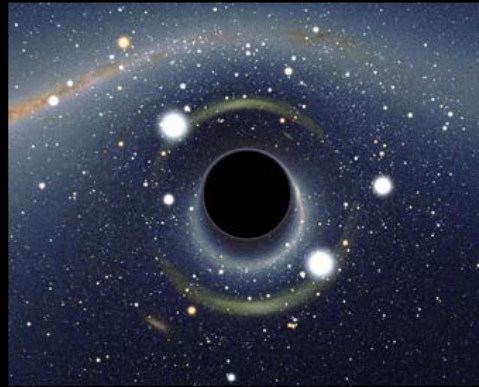
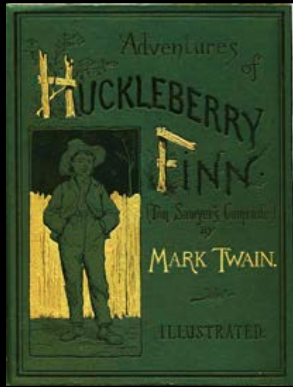
$$S(\text{Book}) > 0$$



$$S(\text{Black Hole}) > \text{TONS} \times S(\text{Book}) \gg 0$$

- Normal matter has entropy
- Entropy cannot decrease
- Pre-collapse material for Black Holes is normal matter
- Post-collapse Black Holes **must** have entropy $\gg 0!!!$

Entropy and Black Hole "Hair"

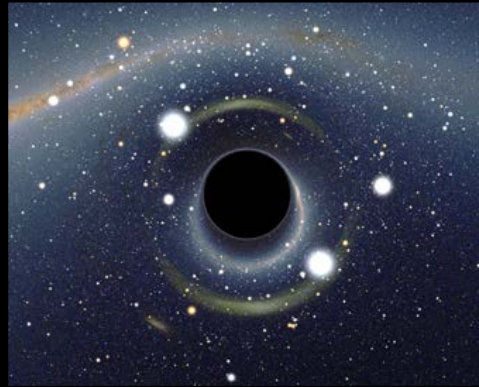
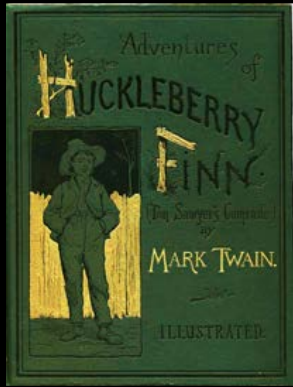


Q: How books many is "TONS" of books, i.e. will form a BH?

A (roughly): A library from the Sun to Pluto!

- Normal matter has entropy
- Entropy cannot decrease
- Pre-collapse material for Black Holes is normal matter
- Post-collapse Black Holes ***must*** have entropy $\gg 0!!!$

Entropy and Black Hole "Hair"



- Normal matter has entropy
- Entropy cannot decrease
- Pre-collapse material for Black Holes is normal matter
- Post-collapse Black Holes **must** have entropy $\gg 0!!!$

Pluto = God of Underworld

Hellish library

Entropy and Black Hole "Hair"

Laws of Thermodynamics



Black Hole Thermodynamics

- BHs vs Thermodynamics
- So: Black Holes have entropy!
- Black Holes must have "hair"!
- Accords with Hawking:
 - Entropy vs Energy...
 - gives Temperature (Hawking)!

Entropy and Black Hole "Hair"

Laws of Thermodynamics \longleftrightarrow Black Hole Thermodynamics

$$T_{\text{BH}} = \frac{1}{8\pi M_{\text{BH}}} , \quad S_{\text{BH}} = 16\pi M_{\text{BH}}^2$$

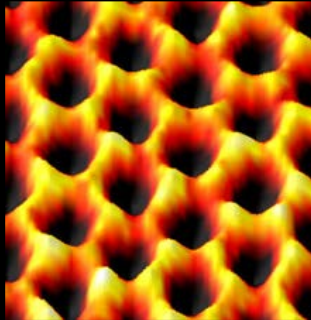
$$1^{\text{st}} \text{ Law for Thermo : } dE = TdS \longleftrightarrow 1^{\text{st}} \text{ Law for BHs : } dE = T_{\text{BH}} dS_{\text{BH}}$$

$$2^{\text{nd}} \text{ Law for Thermo : } \frac{dS}{dt} \geq 0 \longleftrightarrow 2^{\text{nd}} \text{ Law for BHs : } \frac{dS_{\text{BH}}}{dt} \geq 0$$

An Aside: Black Holes vs "Everything"



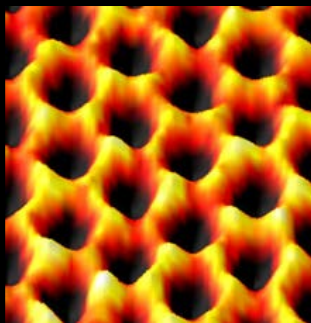
vs



vs



=



?!

- BHs vs Quantum Mechanics!
 - BH = many quantum systems
 - Quantum systems & info
- BHs also vs Thermodynamics!
 - BH = many statistical systems
 - Statistical systems & entropy
- Thermo = Quantum? Whoa!

An Aside: Black Holes vs "Everything"

The Schrodinger Equation:

$$i\partial_t\psi(x, t) \propto \partial_x^2\psi(x, t)$$

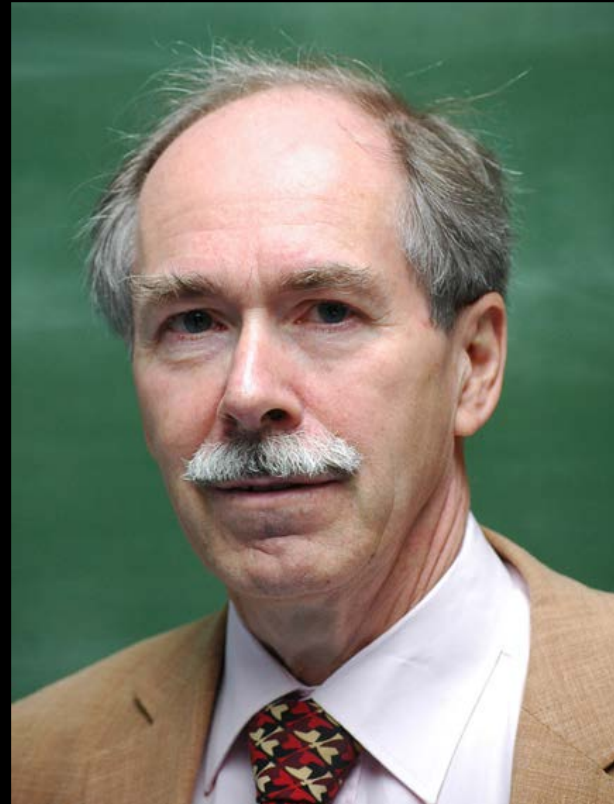
The Heat Equation:

$$-\partial_t\phi(x, t) = \partial_x^2\phi(x, t)$$

- BHs vs Quantum Mechanics!
 - BH = many quantum systems
 - Quantum systems & info
- BHs also vs Thermodynamics!
 - BH = many statistical systems
 - Statistical systems & entropy
- Thermo = Quantum? Whoa!

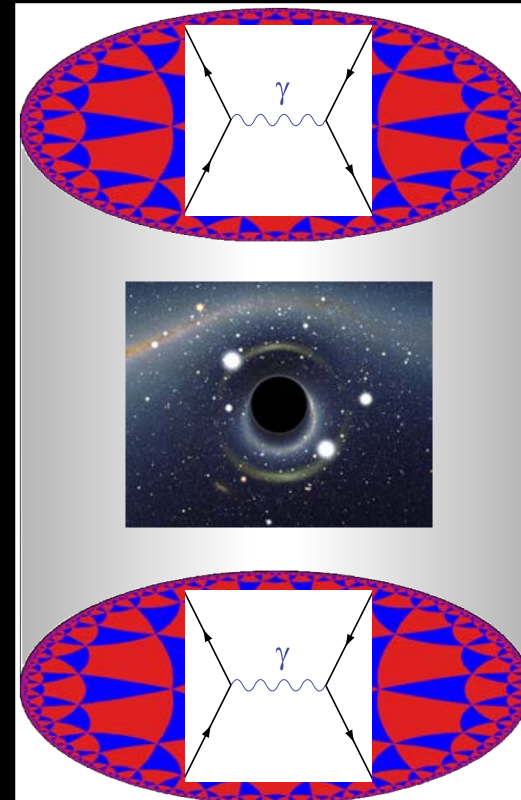
A Bulk-Boundary Duality for Black Holes?

- Black Holes *should* retain info
 - Quantum Mechanics says so!
 - Thermodynamics says so!
- GR: ***But how?*** Can't look into the middle (bulk)!!!!
- 't Hooft: Store the info on the outer surface (boundary)?!



A Bulk-Boundary Duality for Black Holes?

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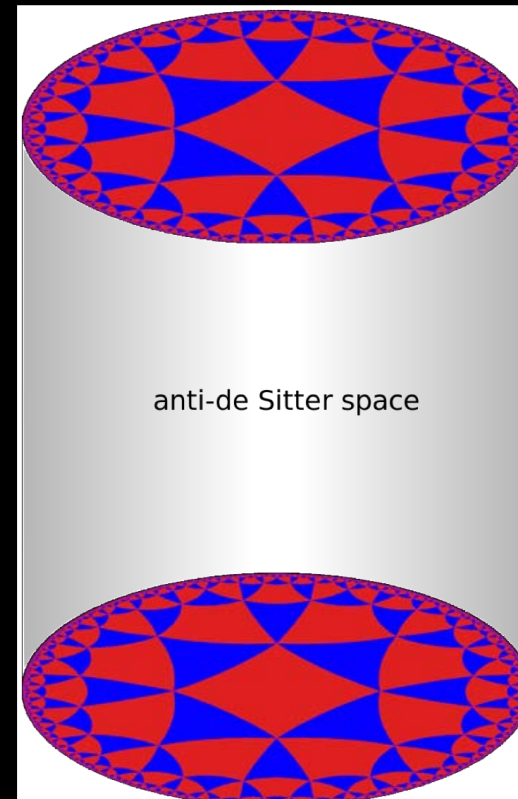
A Bulk-Boundary Duality for Black Holes?

- Maldacena's example:
 - GR in "the middle"
 - QM on "the edge"
 - Inside GR = Edge QM
- First "real" example of bulk-boundary duality
- Details technical

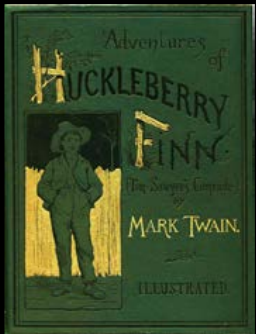


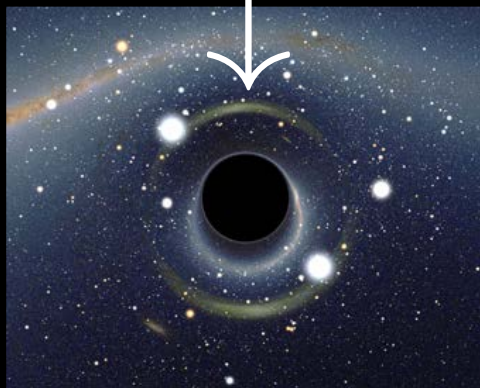
A Bulk-Boundary Duality for Black Holes?

- Maldacena's ex.: AdS/CFT
 - GR in "the middle": AdS
 - QM on "the edge": CFT
 - AdS-Inside = Edge-CFT
- First "real" example of bulk-boundary duality
- Details technical



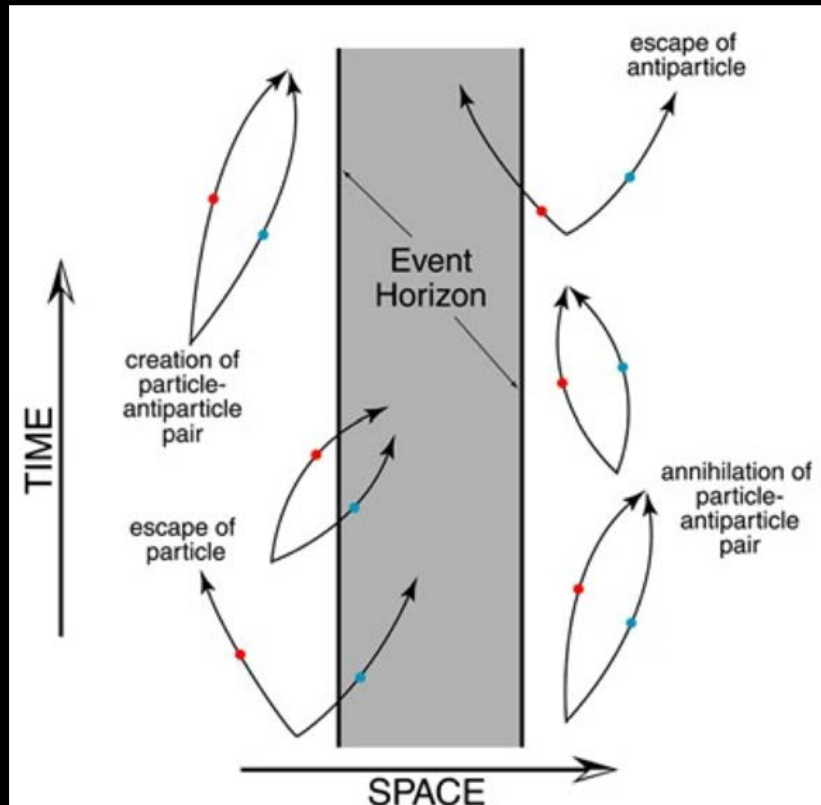
Entropy, Black Holes & Quantum Gravity

TONS
 $\sum_{N=1}$ ()



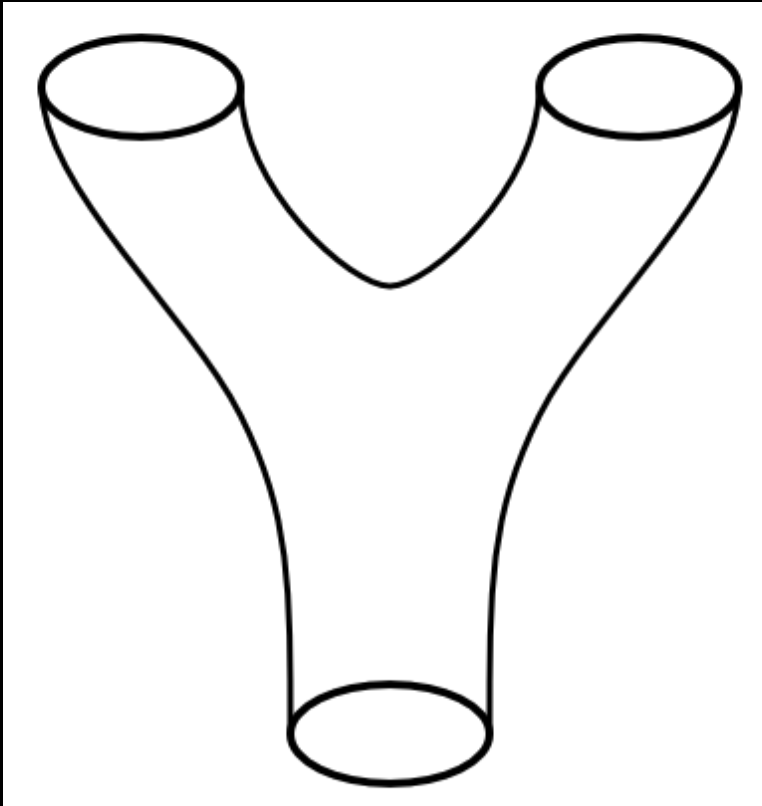
- Entropy in statistical physics
 - Counts number of microstates
 - Specifically, *quantum* states
- Black Hole entropy > 0
 - Black holes have many states
 - Many *quantum* states
- "Quantum Gravity" needed!

Entropy, Black Holes & Quantum Gravity



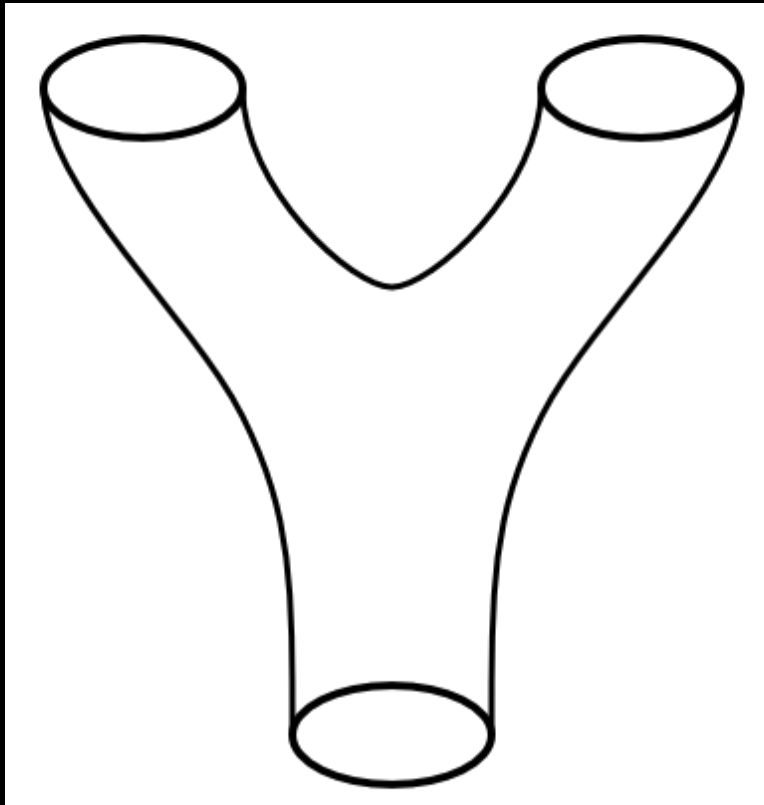
- Entropy in statistical physics
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Entropy, Black Holes & Quantum Gravity



- Quantum Mechanics
 - Spatial vs Temporal evolution
 - Asymmetry "x" vs "t"!
- Einstein Relativity
 - Space and time interwoven
 - Democracy and symmetry
- String Theory fuses these two

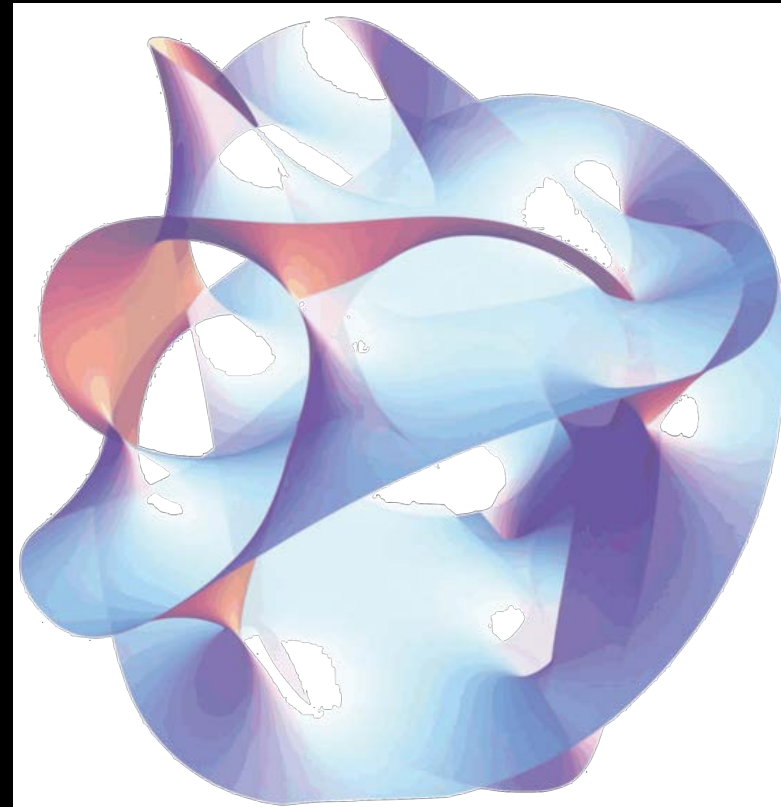
Entropy, Black Holes & Quantum Gravity



- Note: several ways to fuse QM and GR.
- Strings have led to two main victories for QM+Black Holes:
 - Precise entropy formula!
 - Precise holographic example!
- But String Theory ain't a cure-all! (Smoke and fire...)

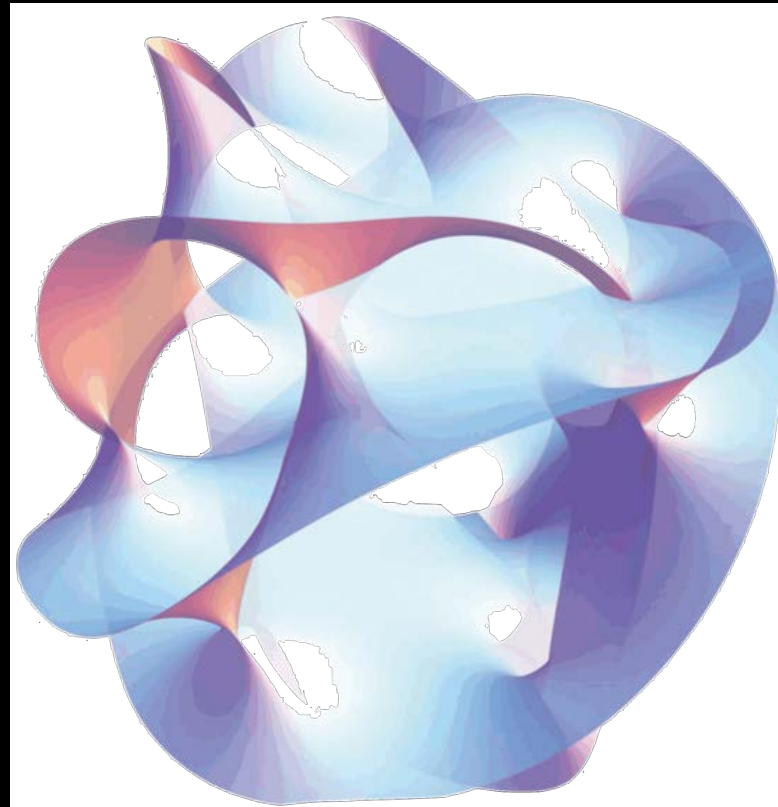
An Aside on String Theory

- QM and Relativity merge well in at least three frameworks:
 - Quantum Field Theory
 - String Theory
 - Worldline Formalism
- Physics is the same
- Given in different languages



An Aside on String Theory

- String Theory can give useful ideas on hard problems...
- ...by giving a new point of view on the problem.
- Strings *may* be fundamental.
- They *ARE* useful: Black Holes!



Entropy, Black Holes & Quantum Gravity

- For a lot of Quantum Gravity, String Theory reigns supreme
- Big part of why: Black Holes
 - Black Hole state counting
 - *Works* for very special BHs!
 - Big test of Quantum Gravity
- Exactly matches Hawking!



Entropy, Black Holes & Quantum Gravity

- For a lot of Quantum Gravity, String Theory reigns supreme
- Big part of why: Black Holes
 - Black Hole state counting
 - *Works* for very special BHs!
 - Big test of Quantum Gravity
- Exact match for large Q_F !

Beckenstein – Hawking prediction:

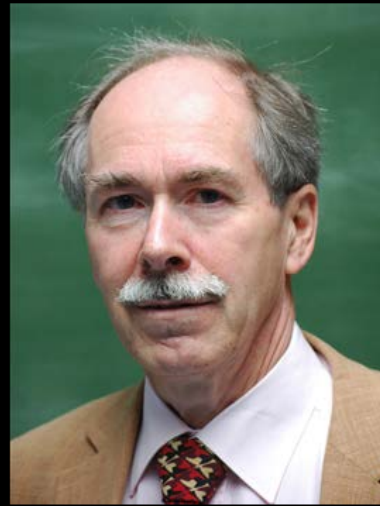
$$S_{\text{BH}} = 2\pi \sqrt{Q_H Q_F^2 / 2}$$

Strominger – Vafa calculation:

$$S_{\text{BH}} = 2\pi \sqrt{Q_H (Q_F^2 / 2 + 1)} + \dots$$

Entropy, Black Holes & Quantum Gravity

- For most Quantum Gravity, String Theory reigns supreme
- Moreover: Holography!
- Maldacena's Holography:
 - Purely "stringy" origin
 - QM on edge understood
 - Gravity in middle has BHs!



Entropy, Black Holes & Quantum Gravity

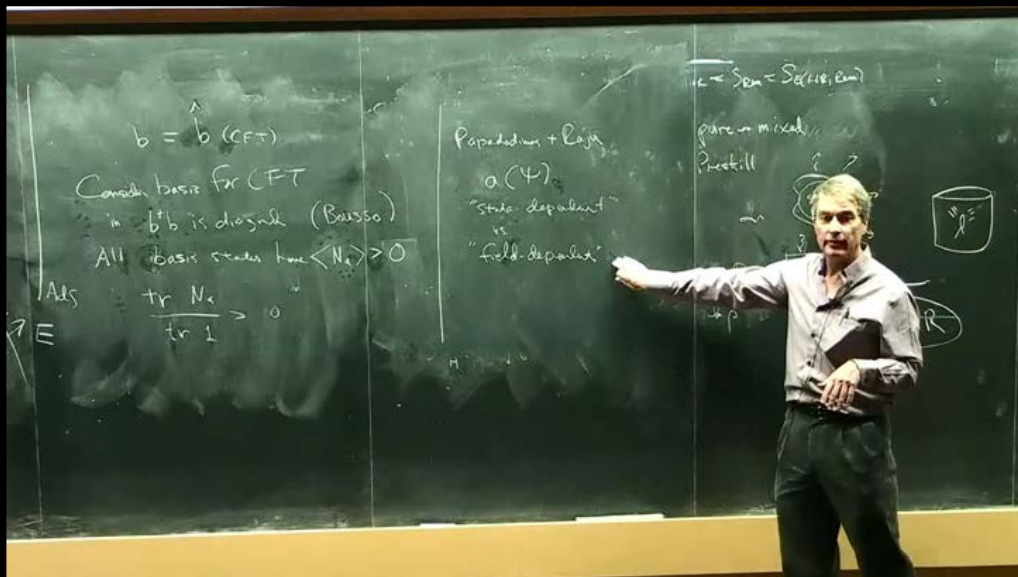
- For most Quantum Gravity, String Theory reigns supreme
- "AdS/CFT" = real Holography!
- Maldacena's AdS/CFT:
 - Purely "stringy" origin
 - QM on edge understood
 - Gravity in middle has BHs!

Maldacena and Witten et al:

$$Z_{\text{Quantum}}(\text{edge}) = Z_{\text{Black Hole}}(\text{middle})$$

NEW Problems for Black Holes: Firewalls?

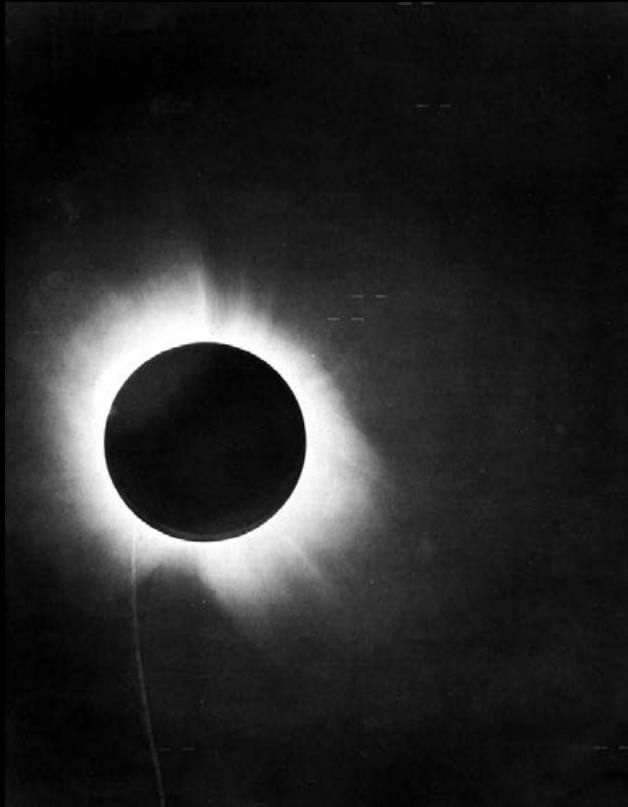
Almheiri, Marolf, Polchinski & Sully



"AMPS" Firewall & arXiv:1207.3123

- String Theory ain't a cure-all: works well in SPECIAL cases
- But big questions loom...
- Hawking: BH info from outside? Old info paradox...
- AMPS: BH info for person falling into BH?! New version!

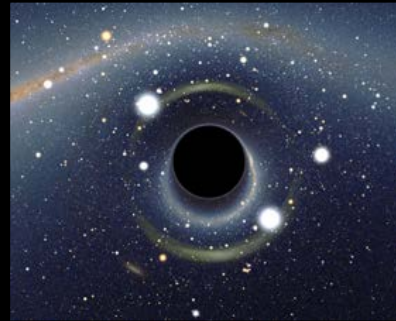
NEW Problems for Black Holes: Firewalls?



- QM and GR: Tension AGAIN
- You hit the firewall on way in
- AMPS Firewall torches all
- Qualitative shift in our view of Black Holes needed?

Black Holes from GR with Quantum & Thermo

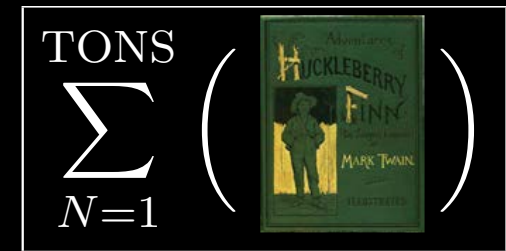
- Black Holes exist! Amazing!
- Quantum: Hawking Radiation
- Thermodynamics: Entropy
- Robust: Quantum Mechanics and Thermodynamics require the same things for BHs!



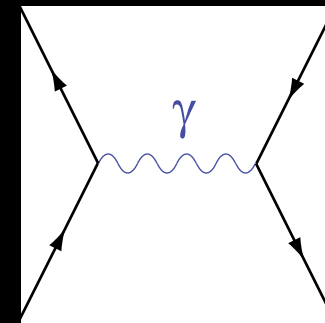
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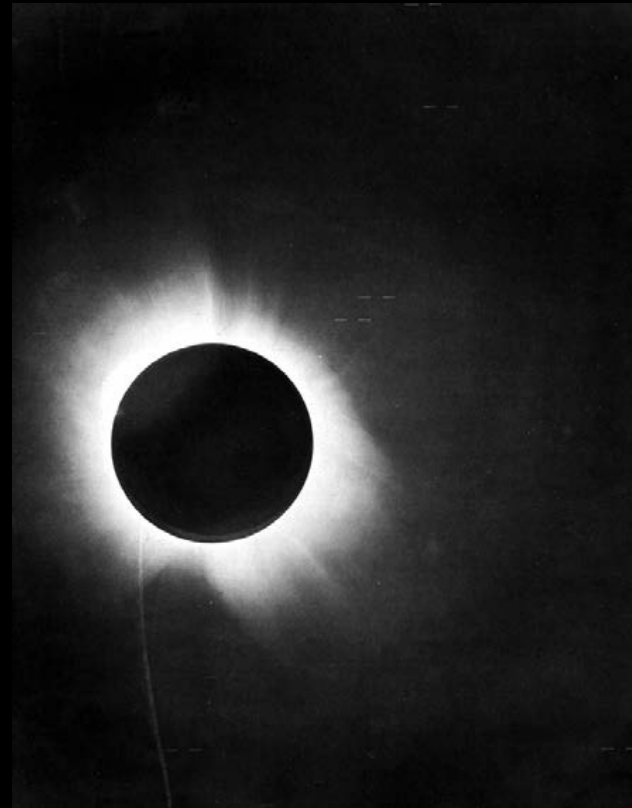


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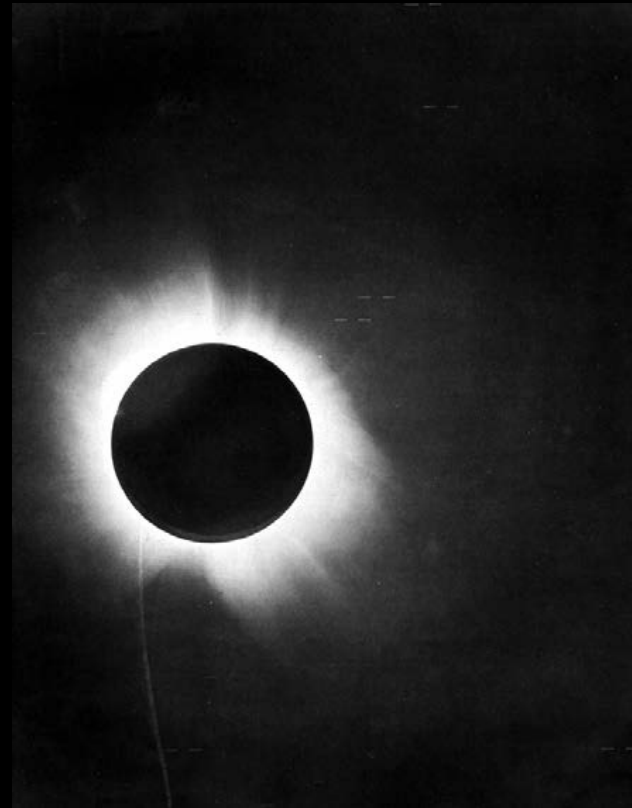
Black Holes from GR with Quantum & Thermo

- BH = Relativity's **1st** solution!
- BH information paradox...
- ...and String Theory success
 - Holography: Edge = Middle!
 - Precise BH entropy!
- Firewall paradox: unresolved!



Black Holes from GR with Quantum & Thermo

- Black Holes: First "real" solutions to GR (from 1916)!!
- Super exciting! Hitting them "just a little bit" starts whole avalanches of new physics!!
- 102 years old & going strong!



Structure of talk: 20th and 21st century physics

1. Gravity and Black Holes(BHs)

- Newton
- Einstein & Democracy
- Schwarzschild & Black Holes
- Hawking

2. Quantum mechanics & Info

- Bohr & Heisenberg
- Dirac & Feynman
- Vacuum fluctuations
- Hawking & Radiation

3. Thermodynamics & Hawking

- Boltzmann & Entropy
- Entropy & Temperature
- Thermo & Quantum for BHs
- (Quantum = Thermodynamics)

4. String Theory & Firewalls?

- Maldacena & Holography
- Quantum Gravity & Strings
- Success: Strings & Black Holes
- Firewalls & (exciting) future!

Black Holes, Information, and String Theory

Thanks for your time!!

Supplementary: Verifying Pluto's Library = BH!

ORIGIN OF THE "SUN TO PLUTO" SIZED LIBRARY 20181031-DAM ①

= A BLACK HOLE:

① For any mass, M , there is the associated Schwarzschild radius, which is given by $R_S = \frac{2G_N M}{c^2}$.

- Here, G_N = Newton's constant,
- M = Mass of the star, and
- c = the speed of light.

② To find that "radius" I did ~~two~~ ^{three} things:

Ⓐ Assumed that the "library" of books was NOT gravitationally interacting — or, rather, that the books could not be compressed. Thus, the mass density of the books was not changed.

Ⓑ This gives the mass of the library as a function of "radius":

$$M(R) = \frac{4}{3} \pi R^3 \rho, \text{ where}$$

- M = Mass of library,
- R = Radius of library, and
- ρ = mass-density of the library.

② I then solved for $R_S = \frac{2G_N}{c^2} M$ for $R = R_S$: 20181031-DAM ②

$$R_S = R = \frac{2G_N}{c^2} M(R) = \frac{2G_N}{c^2} \left(\frac{4\pi}{3} R^3 \rho \right)$$

$$= \frac{8\pi}{3} \frac{G_N}{c^2} \rho R^3$$

$$\Rightarrow R^{-2} = \frac{8\pi}{3} \frac{G_N}{c^2} \rho$$

$$\Rightarrow R = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{8\pi}{3} \frac{G_N}{c^2} \rho}}$$

③ To get actual numbers to ACTUALLY find the radius, you Ⓐ Look-up G_N and c . Via Wikipedia, you get an answer like:

$$\begin{cases} G_N = 7 \times 10^{-11} \frac{\text{m}^3}{\text{kg} \cdot \text{s}^2} \\ c = 3 \times 10^8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}, \text{ and} \end{cases}$$

Ⓑ Recall that books ALMOST float in water.

$$\text{Thus we have } \rho \approx \frac{1 \text{ g}}{\text{cm}^3} = \frac{10^3 \text{ kg}}{\text{m}^3}$$

(Yeah, water is SUPER HEAVY! ONE CUBIC METER OF WATER = ONE TON OF WATER!!)

Ⓑ Plugging these numbers in, you get something like 20181031-DAM ③

$$\approx 1.2 \times 10^{13} \text{ meters} \approx \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{8\pi}{3} \frac{G_N}{c^2} \rho}}$$

④ Now to convert this into something LESS ABSTRACT, we can ask how long it takes light to get ~~across~~ from the CENTER of this BALL of RADJUR $\sim 10^{13}$ meters to the EDGE. To do this, we simply do the following:

$$t = \frac{\text{distance}}{\text{speed}} \Rightarrow \frac{1.2 \times 10^{13} \text{ m}}{3 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}} \approx 4 \times 10^4 \text{ seconds}$$

⑤ Now, recall it takes $\sim 5 \times 10^2$ seconds for light from the SUN to reach EARTH! \downarrow so $4 \times 10^4 \approx 80 \times R_{\text{Earth-Sun}}$

⑥ Now the average distance between ~~Earth~~ ^{Sun} and Pluto is $\sim 40 \times R_{\text{Sun-EARTH}}$. So this library would be TONS BIGGER ($\sim 8 \times$) than even the solar system.

Supplementary: Verifying Pluto's Library = BH!

// If you are like me, and wanted to know how their radius depended on the atomic length-scale in the quonon system:

(4)

{ Mass of atoms } ↔ This gives $\sim \frac{1g}{cm^3}$
 { Size of atoms } for "buds"

vs. { Net of Newton's gravity } ↔ This adds to the Planck Mass/Length
 = length-scale where weird stuff happens in QUANTUM GRAVITY

Then the NEXT PAGE is for you!

$\hat{R}^{-2} = \frac{2\pi c}{c^2} \frac{1}{M_{pl}^2} \left(\frac{4}{3} \pi \frac{M_H}{(\lambda R_H)^3} \right)$

$\hat{\rho} = \frac{M_H}{(\lambda R_H)^3} \approx \frac{1g}{cm^3}$

$R_H = \frac{1}{\alpha} \frac{\hbar}{c} \frac{1}{M_E}$
 $M_H \sim 940 \text{ MeV}$
 $M_E \sim 0.5 \text{ MeV}$
 $\Rightarrow \frac{M_H}{M_E} \sim 2 \times 10^3$
 $\Rightarrow R_H = \frac{1}{\alpha} \frac{\hbar}{c} \frac{1}{M_E} \sim \frac{2 \times 10^3}{\alpha} \frac{\hbar}{c} \frac{1}{M_H}$
 $l_{pl} = \frac{\hbar}{c} \frac{1}{M_{pl}}$

$\hat{R} = \left(\frac{2\pi c}{c^2} \frac{1}{M_{pl}^2} \frac{4\pi}{3} \frac{1}{(\lambda^3)} \frac{M_H}{R_H^3} \right)^{-\frac{1}{2}}$
 $\sim \left(\frac{2\pi}{c} \frac{\hbar^2}{M_{pl}^2} \frac{1}{(\lambda^3)} \frac{M_H^4 \cdot (cm)^{-3}}{(2 \times 10^3 / \lambda)^3} \right)^{-\frac{1}{2}}$
 $= \left(\frac{8\pi}{3} \left(\frac{\hbar}{c} \right)^3 \frac{1}{(\lambda^3)} \frac{1}{(2 \times 10^3 / \lambda)^3} \frac{M_H^4}{M_{pl}^2} \right)^{-\frac{1}{2}}$
 $= \left(\frac{8\pi}{3} \frac{1}{8 \times 10^9 / \alpha^3} \frac{(M_H)^4}{M_{pl}^2} \left(\frac{M_{pl}}{\hbar} \right)^2 \right)^{-\frac{1}{2}}$
 $= \left(\frac{\pi}{c} \frac{1}{M_{pl}} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{3}{8\pi}} \cdot \left(\frac{8 \times 10^9 \alpha^3}{1} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{M_H^4}{M_{pl}^2}} \right)^{-\frac{1}{2}}$
 $\approx (l_{pl}) \cdot \sqrt{\frac{3}{8\pi}} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{10^9 \alpha^3}{\alpha^3}} \cdot \left(\frac{M_{pl}}{M_H} \right)^2$
 $\sim \lambda (l_{pl}) \cdot (2) \cdot (5 \times 10^7) \cdot (10^{38}) \cdot \lambda$
 $\sim 10^{46} l_{pl} \cdot 10^{11} m \sim 10^{20} \text{ light-seconds}$
 $= l_{pl} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{3}{8\pi}} \cdot \lambda \times \sqrt{\frac{1}{\alpha^3}} \sqrt{\frac{M_H}{M_E}} \sqrt{\left(\frac{M_{pl}}{M_H} \right)^2}$
 $\sim \lambda_{pl} \cdot 9(1) \cdot 9(1) \cdot 9(10^3) \cdot 9(10^3) \cdot 9(10^{38})$
 $\sim 10^{12} m \sim 10^{10} \text{ light-seconds}$