

The migration of biological cells

Folkeuniversitetet: News from NBIA Lecture 1

> Niels Bohr Institute 28 October 2013

> > Søren Vedel



Outline

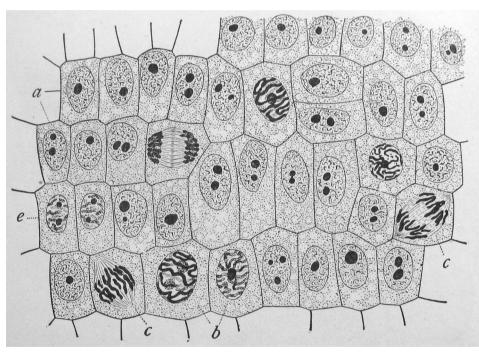
Physics in biology

Migration (movement) of single cells

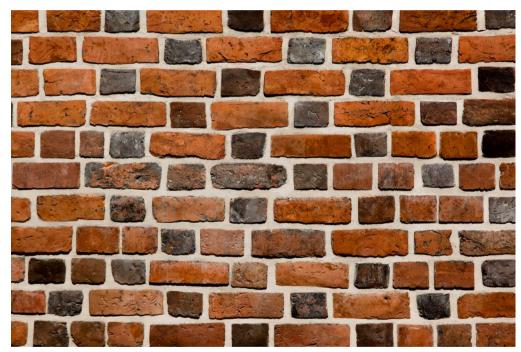
Collective migration

Physics in biology

Biological cells: the bricks of life

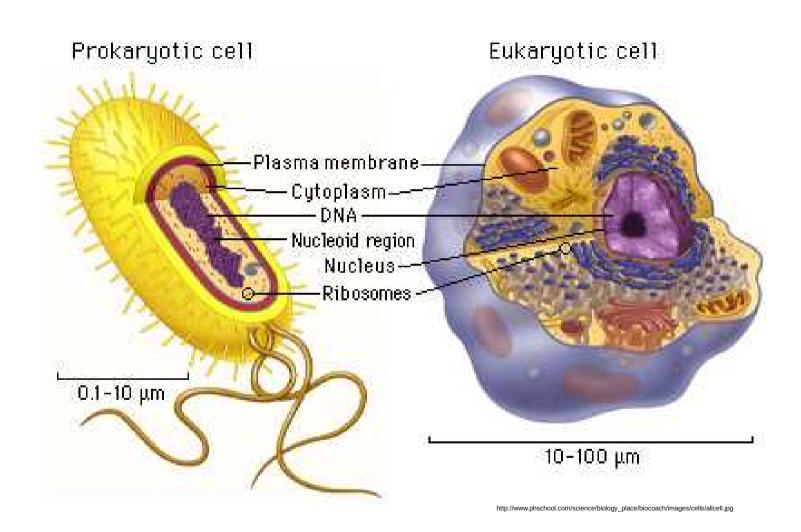


Wilson, Edmund B. (1900) The cell in Development and Inheritance (second edition ed.), New York: The Macmillan Company



http://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/d/d1/Brick_wall_close-up_view.jpg

What is a cell?



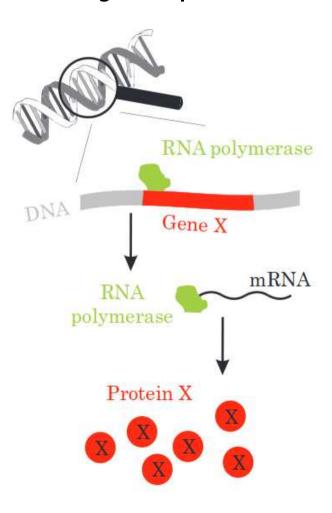
Cells are constantly doing something: sensing and reacting

Signal

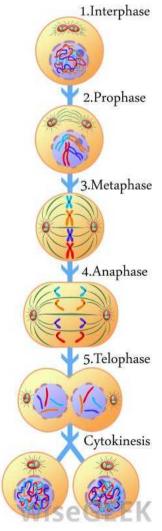


Cells are constantly doing something: "Housekeeping"

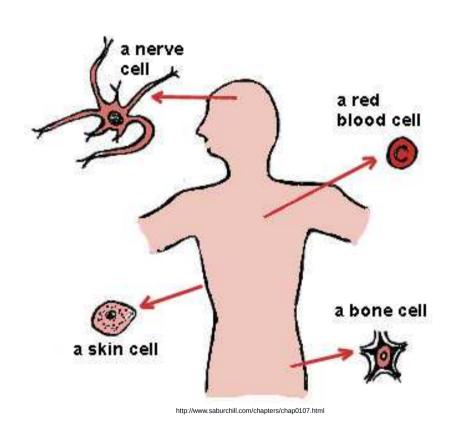
Making new proteins

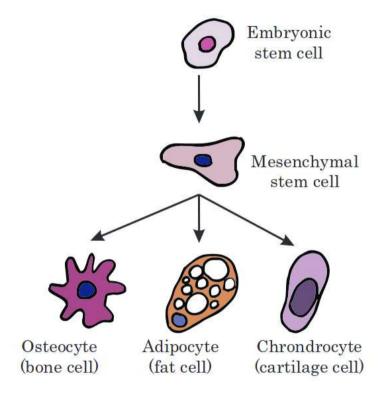


Cell division



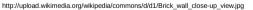
Cells coordinate their function in multicellular organisms





Biological system → House built of interacting computers







http://www.voont.com/files/images/slideshow/20-mindblowing/4.jpg

Typical numbers in a human

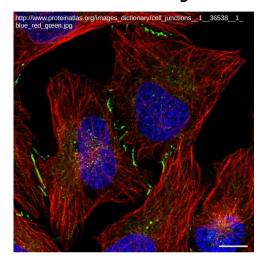
Starts from a single cell!

- $\sim 5 \times 10^{10} \text{ cells}$
- $\sim 10^{14}$ divisions during life time
- ~ 200 different cell types
- ~ 2x10⁴ genes
- ~ 108 mutations during life time



Recent explosion in biological data by technological advances

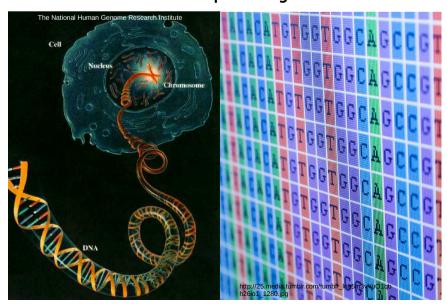
Fluorescent tags



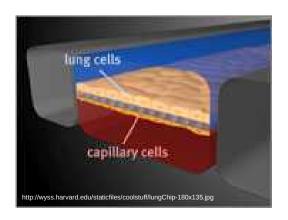
Molecular "snapshots" of what the cell is doing



DNA sequencing



Well-controlled experiments

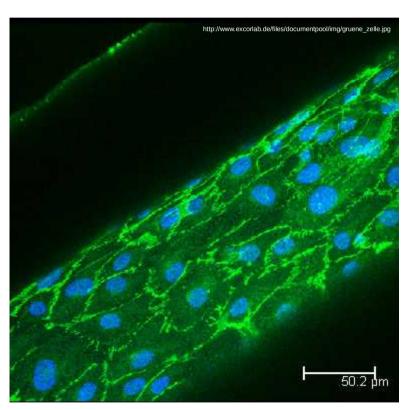


Is life a chemical phenomenon?

Gene → function?



Very well-coordinated multicellular function?



Example of biological complexity

Mouse



http://bioweb.uwlax.edu/bio203/s2009/smith_meg2/images/House%20Mouse.jpg

~30.000 genes

Rice



http://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/7/79/Oryza_sativa_Rice_sprouts_ja01.jpg

~51.000 genes

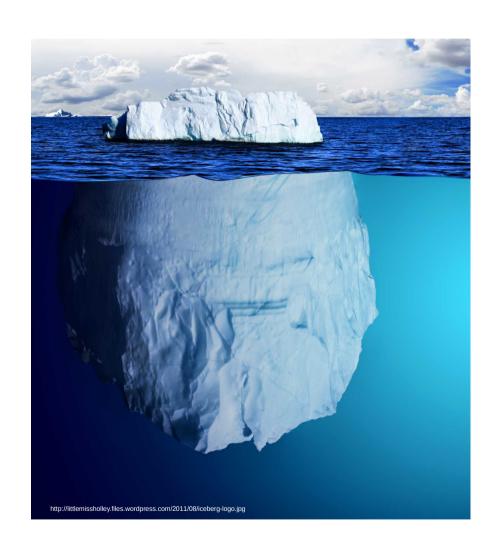
Human being



http://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/6/6d/Niels_Bohr.jpg/250p

~20.000 genes

We're only SEEING the tip of the iceberg



Biology is more than the sum of its parts

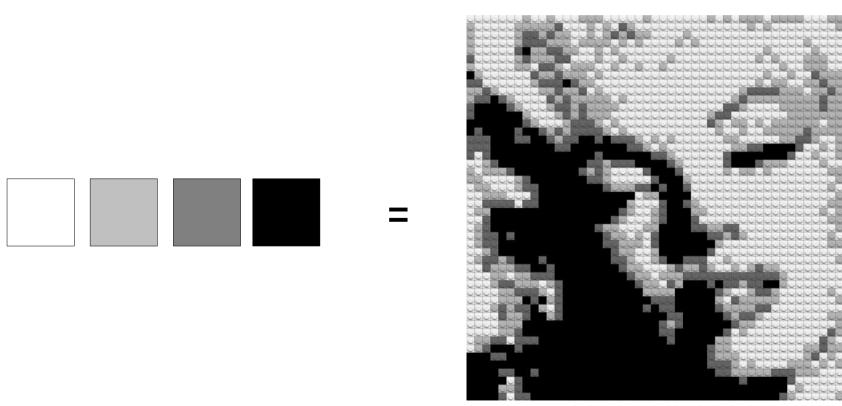
"The collapse of the doctrine of one gene for one protein, and one direction of causal flow from basic codes to elaborate totality, marks the failure of reductionism for the complex system that we call biology. . . The key to complexity is not more genes, but more combinations and interactions generated by fewer units of code and many of these interactions [...] cannot be predicted from the separate underlying parts alone."

- Stephen Jay Gould, *Humbled by the genome's mysteries,* New York Times , Feb. 19 (2001).

Emergent properties from interactions

The observed behavior at the system level is a function of the interactions among the units rather than a function inherent to each unit.

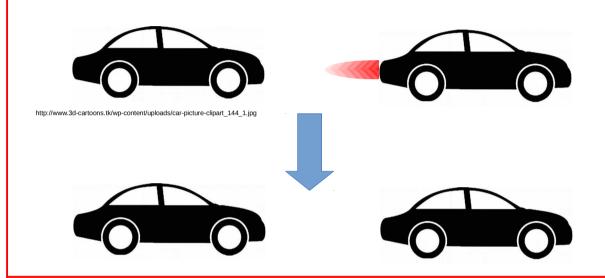
Their combination is not just the average



http://i.telegraph.co.uk/multimedia/archive/01529/marilyn_1529599i.jpg

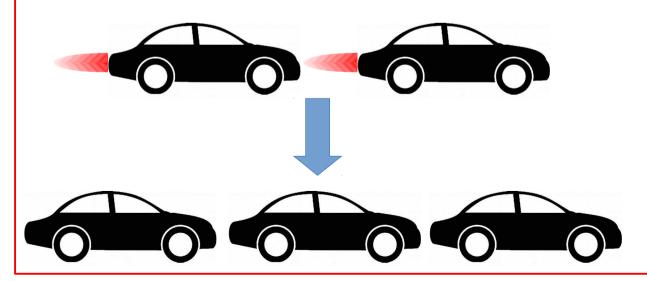
Example of emergent properties: traffic jam

Proper safety distance → no traffic jam





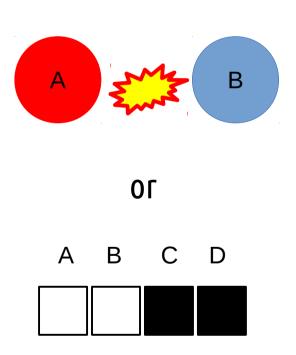
Improper safety distance \rightarrow traffic jam



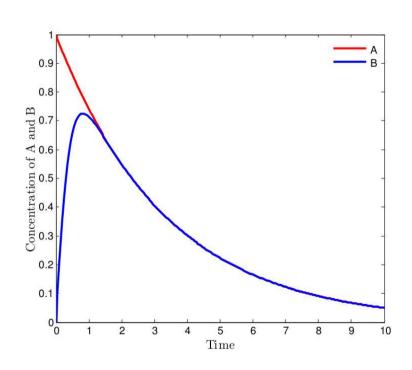


Physics in biology

Molecular biologist: binary information

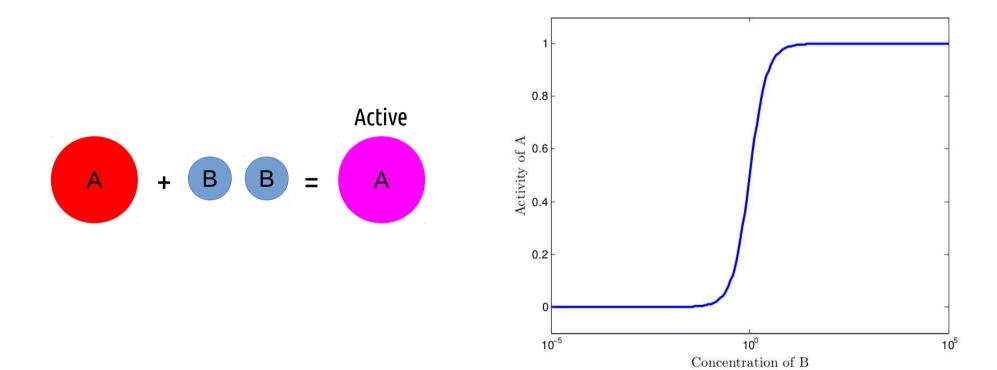


Physicist:
Dynamical information
out of interactions



Emergent properties in biology: From dynamics to function

A molecular switch

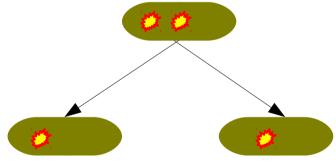


Emergent properties in biology: From dynamics to function, continued

A population survival strategy

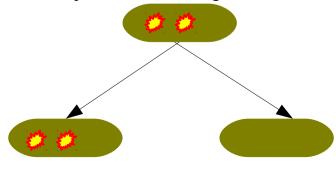


Symmetric damage division



Everybody has the same level of damage. No variation within population.

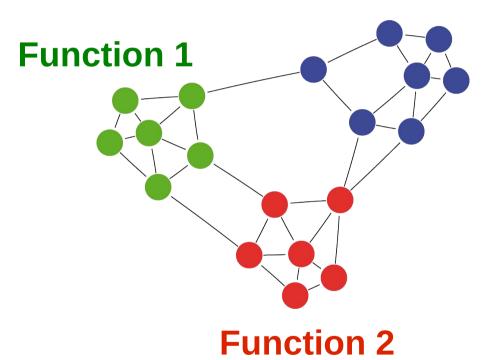
Asymmetric damage division

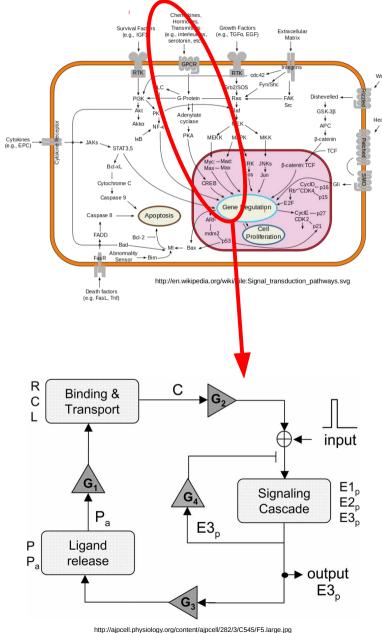


Different levels of damage dependent on lineage.
Average damage lower than for symmetric division.

From single function to "behavior" → from unit to system

Function 3

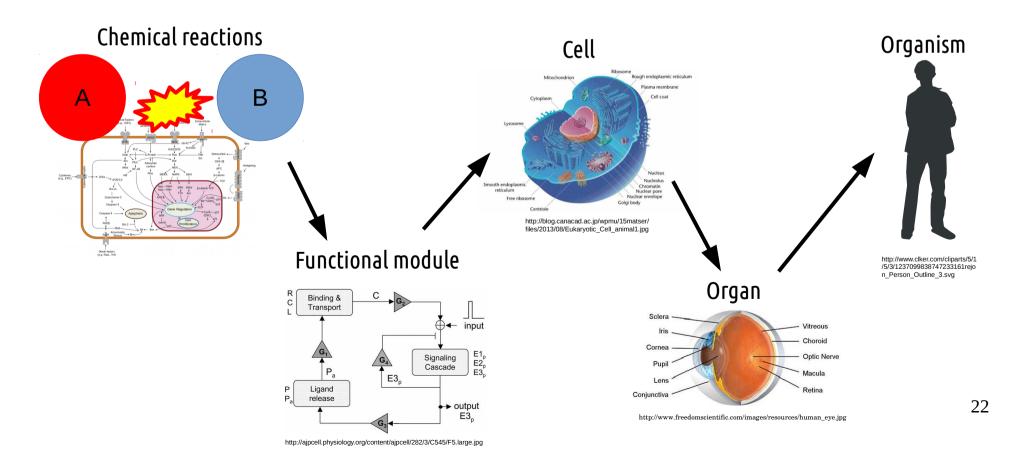




Life is physics?

Chemistry is underlying most biological behavior, but seems to be a means of transmitting and processing information →

Behavior arises from the interactions at each level

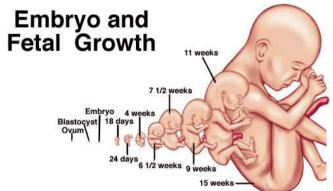


Migration of single cells

Physiological situations of cell migration

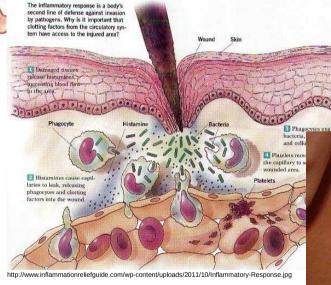
Embryonic development

Byer/Shainberg/Galliano Dimensions Of Human Sexuality, 5e. Copyright @ 1999. The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc. All Rights Reserved



Inherently "social"

Inflammatory response



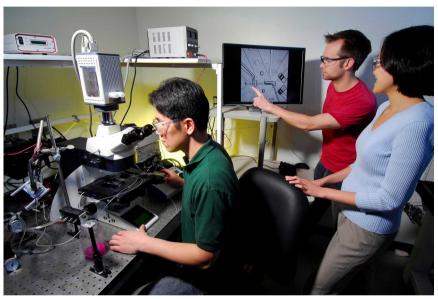
Inflammatory Response

Wound healing

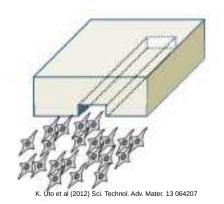
http://www.todaysplanet.com/pg/beta/lizardlover/pic/vikki_big_bite_wound.jpg

Experiments

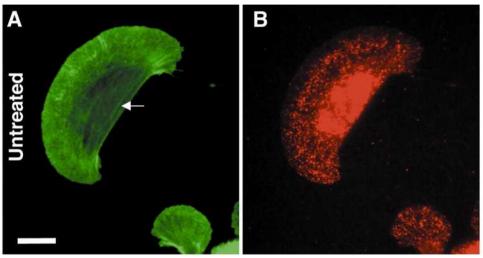
Microscopy w/ special device for cells



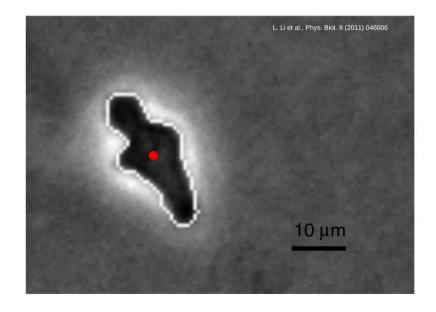
http://www.gtresearchnews.gatech.edu/wp-content/uploads/2009/11/microchipP095_hires.jpg?phpMyAdmin=387c4b701e2at54367afa



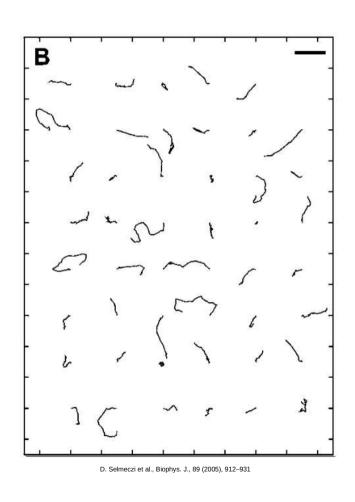
Cell lines, sometimes fluorescent tags

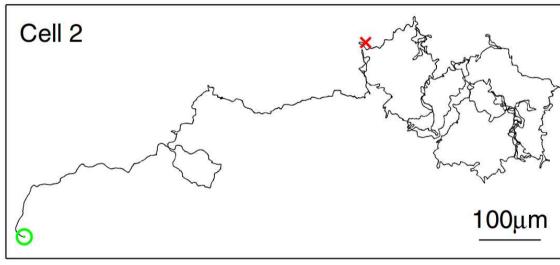


A. D. Doyle & J. Lee, J. Cell Sci., 2005 J Cell Sci 118, 369-379.



Experimental examples





L. Li et al., Phys. Biol. 8 (2011) 046006

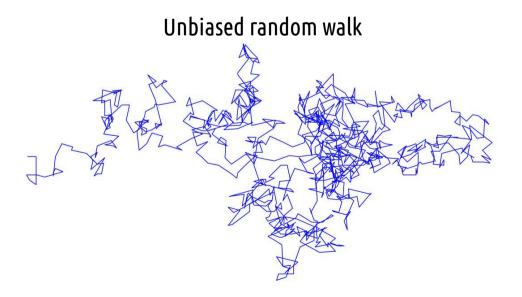
Single-cell migration characteristics

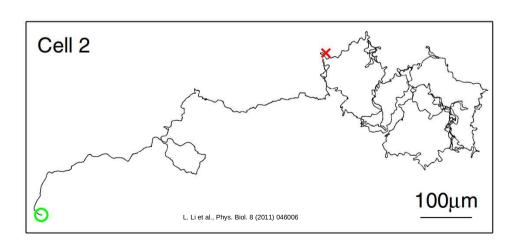
Seemingly random

Directional stability:

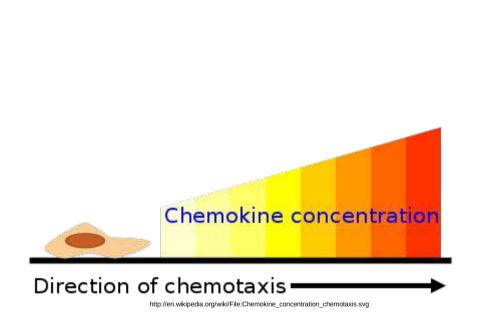
The cell maintains it direction for some time ($\sim 30 \text{ min} - 1 \text{ h}$)

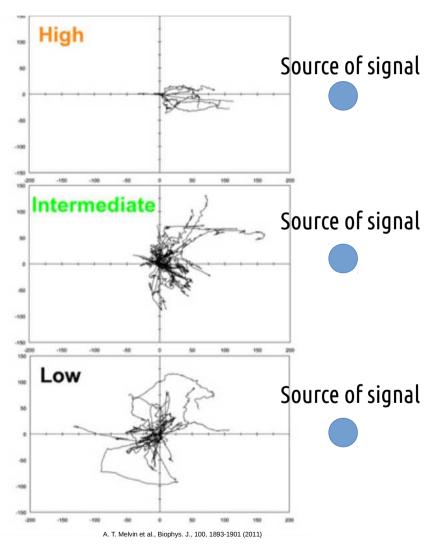
Otherwise no apparent biases (what's the reason for this movement?)





Chemotaxis: chemical signals bias cell movement



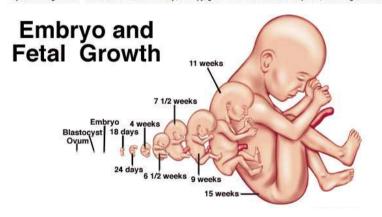


Collective migration

Will present two examples

Development

Byer/Shainberg/Galliano Dimensions Of Human Sexuality, 5e. Copyright @ 1999. The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc. All Rights Reserved.



Wound healing



http://www.todaysplanet.com/pg/beta/lizardlover/pic/vikki_big_bite_wound.jpg

Example I: Collective migration of keratocytes



Keratocytes = fish scale cells

Experiments

Cell density —

Low Medium High

B. Szabó et al., Phys. Rev. E 74, 061908 (2006)

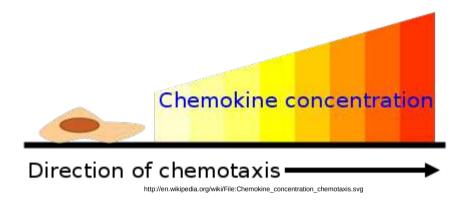
V ≈ 10 µm/min

Characteristics

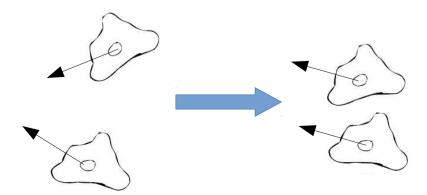
Persistent random motion

B. Tan et al., Cell Biol. Int. (2011) 35, 1131–1139

Attaction by chemical signal

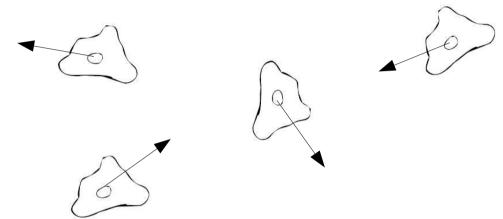


"Stickiness" and alignment

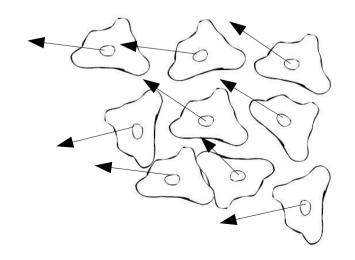


Emergent property: ordered group motion by increasing density

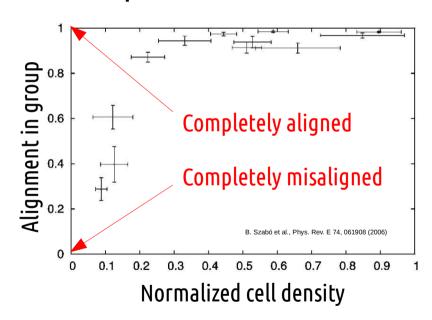
Low density



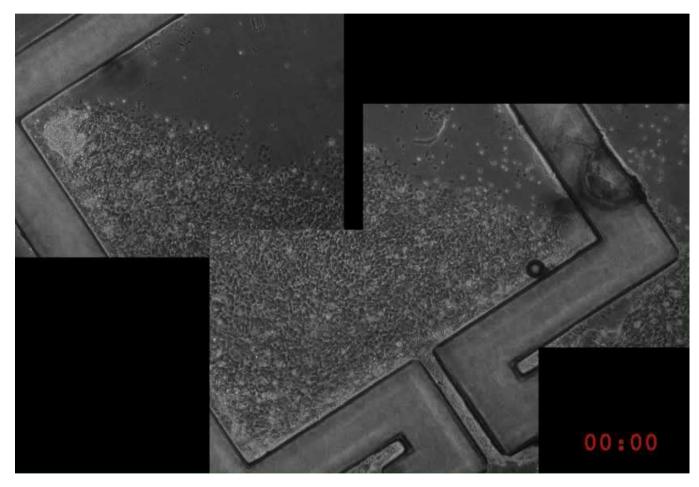
High density



Experimental evidence



Emergent property: unidirectional group motion



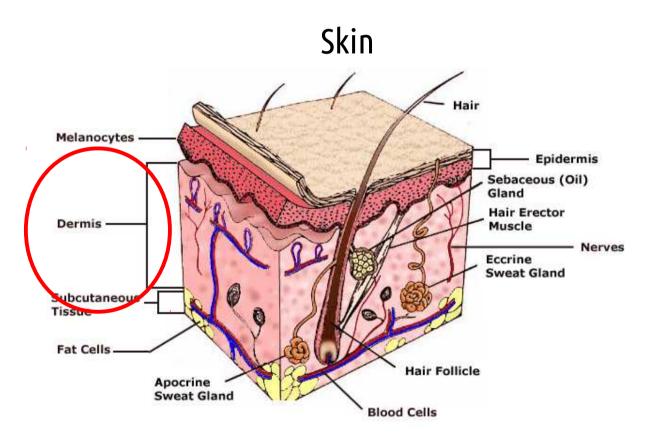
B. Szabó et al., Phys. Rev. E 74, 061908 (2006)

To grow a fish scale, you only need to set the initial cells in the right direction

Marching desert locusts



Example II: Collective migration of fibroblasts



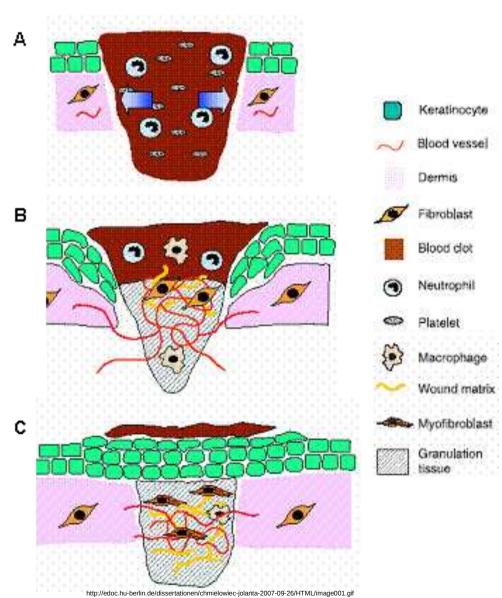
http://www.americanskin.org/resource/images/scp_img1.gif

Fibroblasts and wound healing

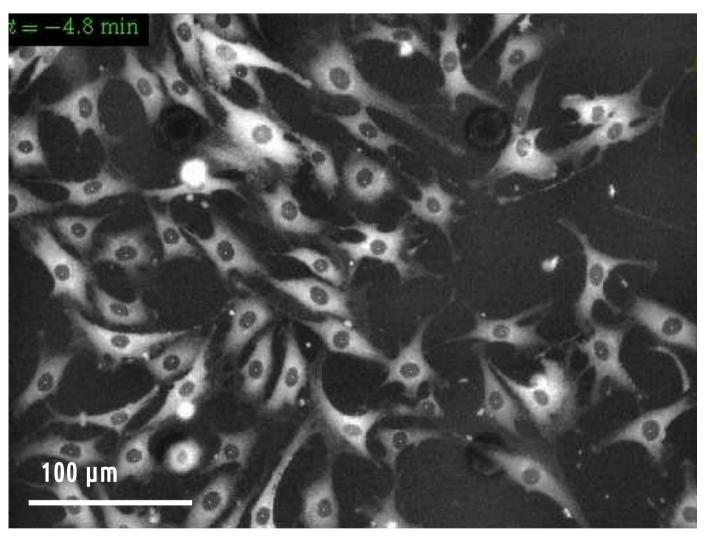
Wound healing



http://www.todaysplanet.com/pg/beta/lizardlover/pic/vikki_big_bite_wound.jpg



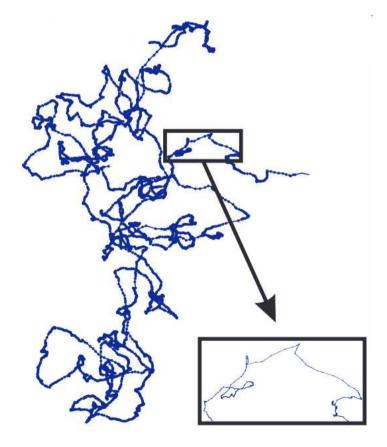
Fibroblast experiments



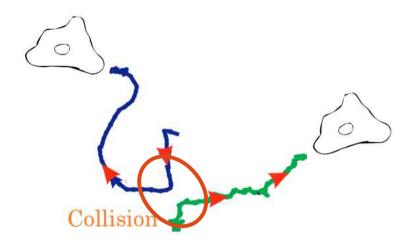
Data courtesy of Savaş Tay, ETH Zürich

Characteristics

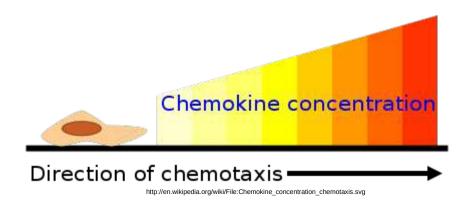
Persistent random motion



Repulsion at collision



Attaction by chemical signal



Emergent property: fast, adaptive and isotropic directional sensor for wound healing

Isolated cells Fast Wound Signal

Emergent property: fast, adaptive and isotropic directional sensor for wound healing

Group of cells



Signal

- > Outer cells always moving away → directed towards any signal
- Group randomizes directions of all cells
- Will (eventually) bring whole group to wound

Thank you for attending *News from NBIA*We hope to see you again in the future...

